

Basics of EXAFS Data Processing

Shelly Kelly

Honeywell

Data processing overview

- Introduction to Artemis
- Modeling Cu foil
- Background subtraction using theory
- Modeling U to determine neighboring atom type
- Multiple data set modeling

- M Newville. "IFEFFIT: interactive EXAFS analysis and FEFF fitting." J. Synch. Rad. **8**: pp 322-324, 2001. <http://cars9.uchicago.edu/ifeffit/>
- J J Rehr. "*Ab initio* multiple scattering X-ray absorption fine structure and X-ray absorption near edge structure code". University of Washington: pp, 1995. <http://leonardo.phys.washington.edu/feff/>
- E A Stern, M Newville, B Ravel, Y Yacoby and D Haskel. "The UWXAFS analysis package: Philosophy and details." Physica B **208 & 209**: pp 117-120, 1995.

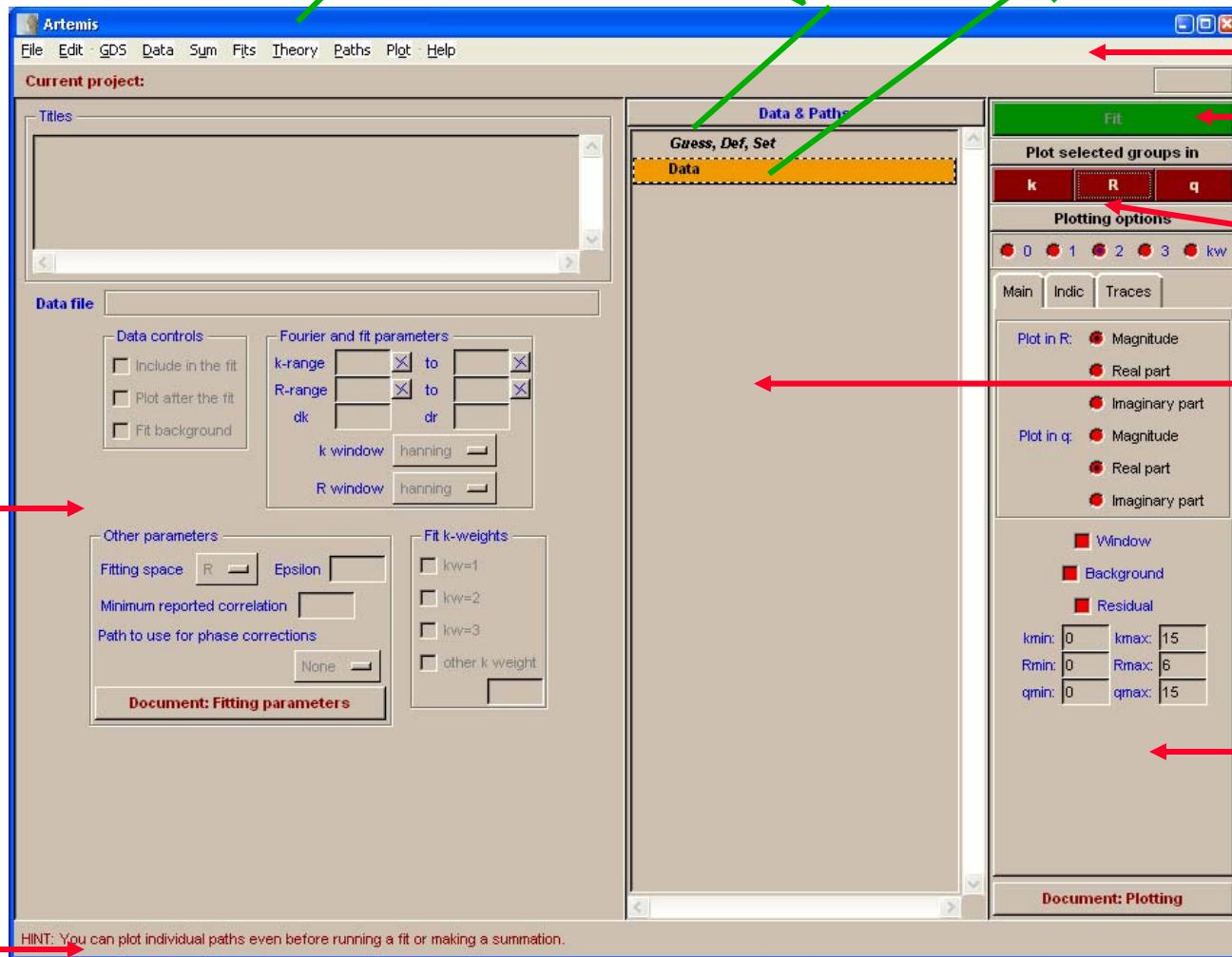
Artemis

Project Name:

Data display area:

Changes depending on selected information from Data and Paths list

Echo Area:
Messages from Artemis



Menus:

Fit:
optimize variables

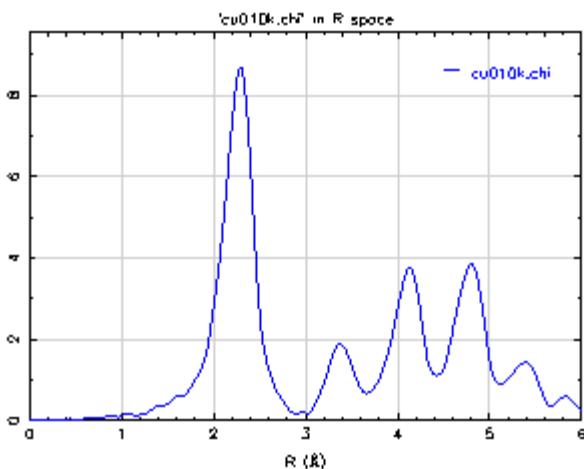
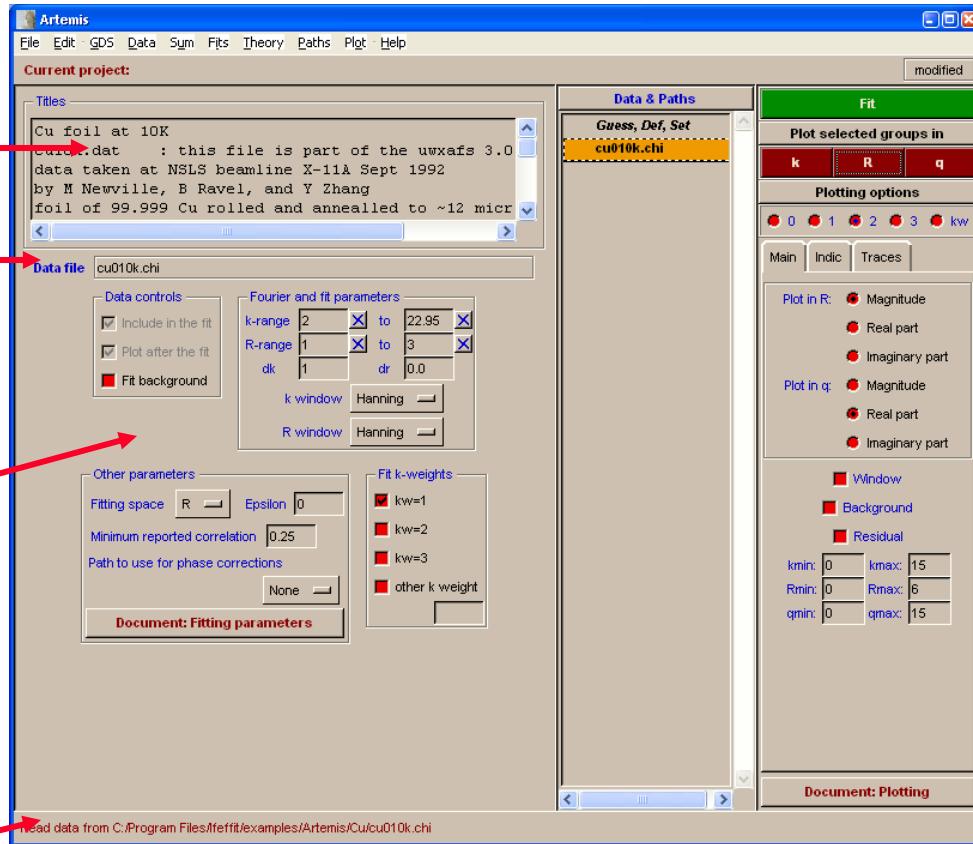
Plot and Do buttons:

Data and Paths:
Changes data display area

Plotting parameters

Reading in χ Data

➤ File: open data file: F:\Ifeffit\examples\Artemis\Cu\cu010k.chi



Data plotted in R-space

Message from Artemis

Reading Data from Athena Project

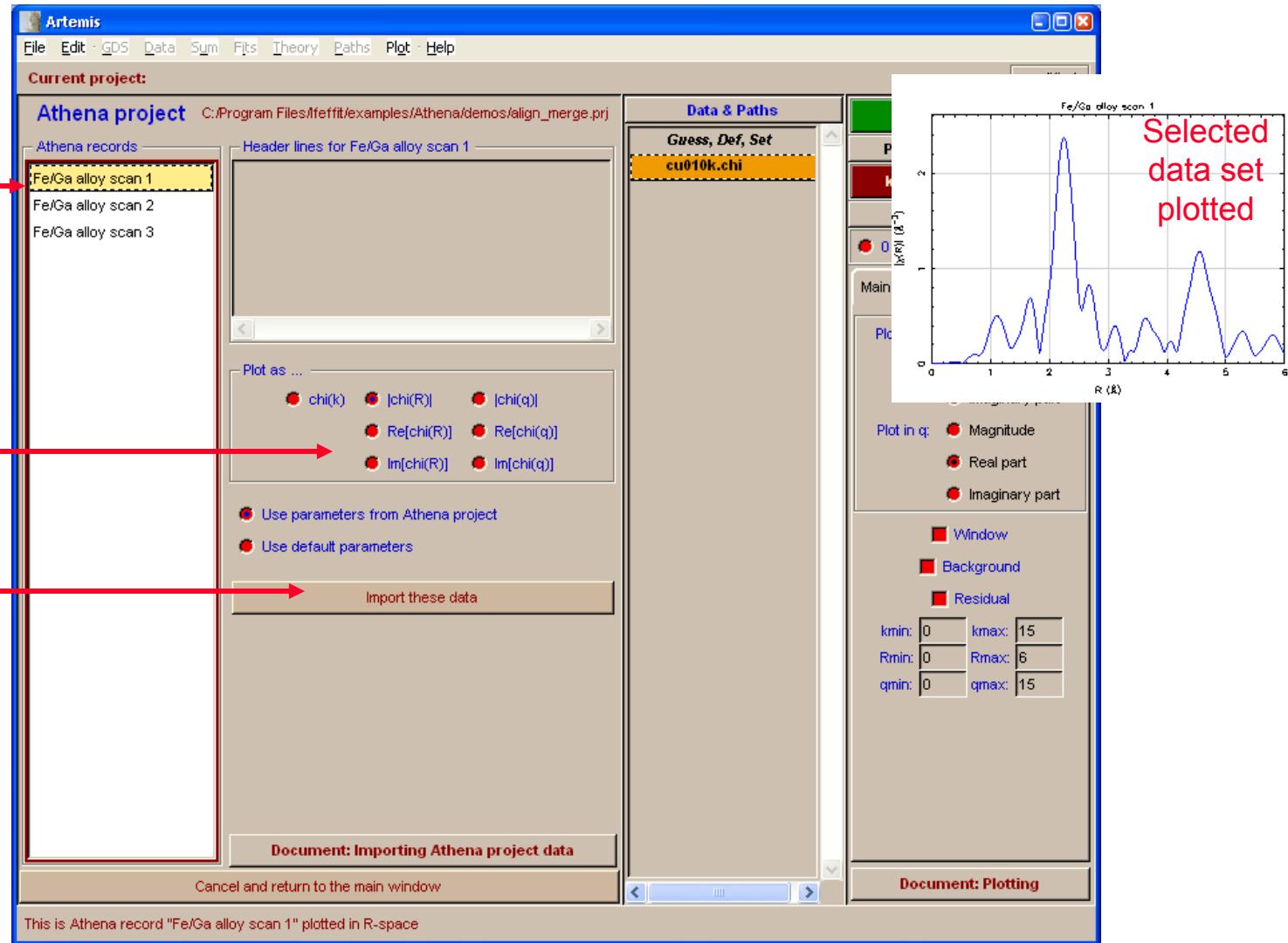
➤ File: open data file: F:\lfeffit\examples\Athena\demos\align_merge.prj

list of data
from Athena

Plot the data

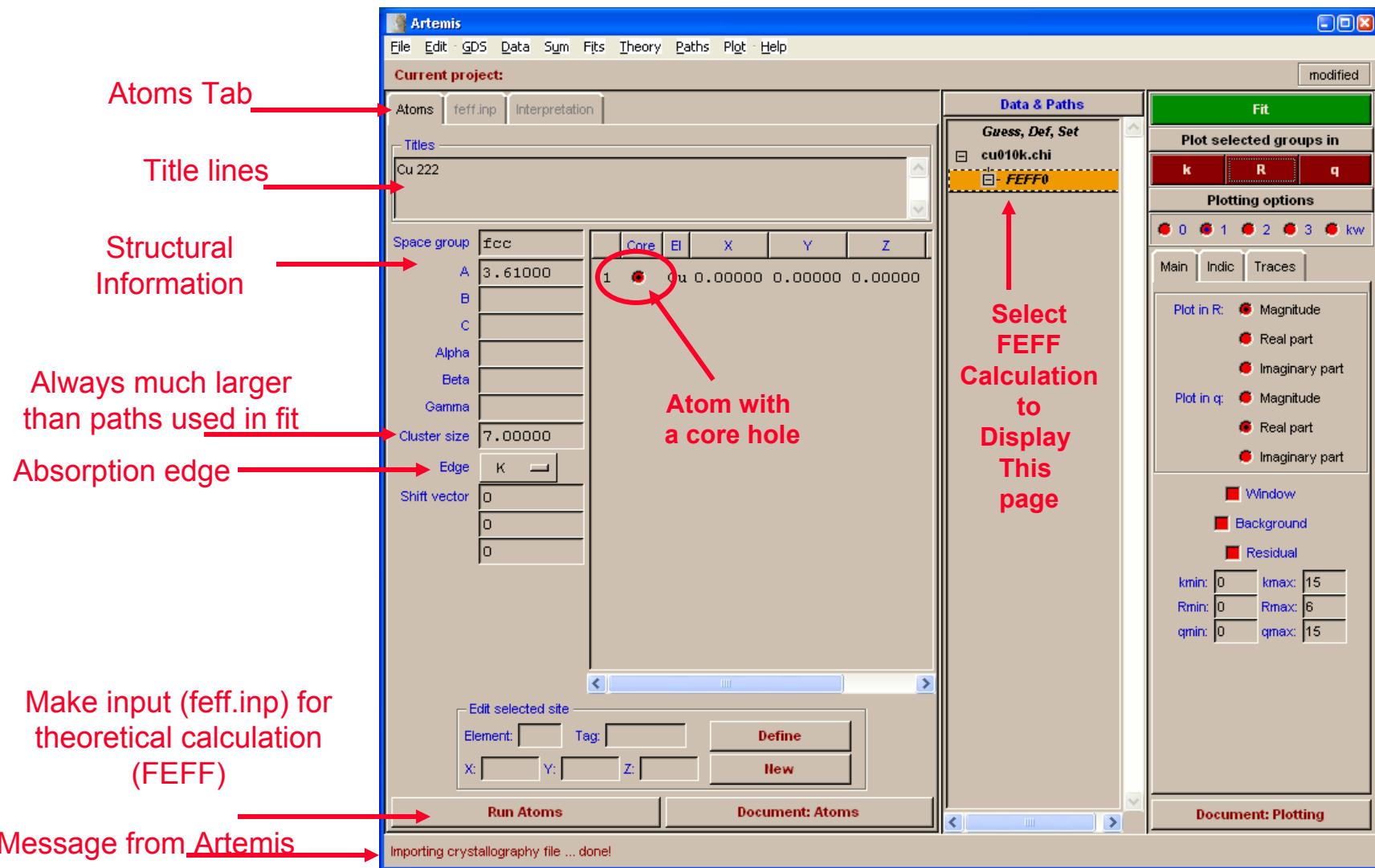
Import the
selected
data set

Selected
data set
plotted



Atoms page

➤File: open file: F:\lfeffit\examples\Artemis\Cu\atoms.inp



Theory input page (feff.inp)

➤ Click “Run Atoms”

Artemis

File Edit GDS Data Sym Fits Theory Paths Plot Help

Current project: modified

Atom feff.inp Interpretation

Feff.inp Tab

Absorption lengths

normalization correction

Crystallographic information
From atoms.inp

title lines

hole number

FEFF0

Select FEFF Calculation to Display This page

Data & Paths

Guess, Def, Set

cu010k.chi

FEFF0

Fit

Plot selected groups in

k R q

Plotting options

0 1 2 3 kw

Main Indic Traces

Plot in R: Magnitude Real part Imaginary part

Plot in q: Magnitude Real part Imaginary part

Window Background Residual

kmin: 0 kmax: 15
Rmin: 0 Rmax: 6
qmin: 0 qmax: 15

Run Feff Document: Feff and it's input file

Document: Plotting

```
* This feff6 input file was generated by Artemis 0.
* Atoms written by and copyright (c) Bruce Ravel, 1

* -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- *
* total mu*x=1:      4.06 microns, unit edge step
* specific gravity = 8.971
* -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- *
* Normalization correction: 0.00046 ang^2
* -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- * -- *

* +-----*
* The following crystallographic data were used:
*
* title          Cu 222
* space = F m -3 m
* a =      3.610 b =      3.610 c =      3.610
* alpha =      90.0 beta =     90.0 gamma =    90.
* core =        Cu      edge =      K
* atoms
* ! elem   x           y           z           tag
* Cu      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000
* +-----*

TITLE Cu 222

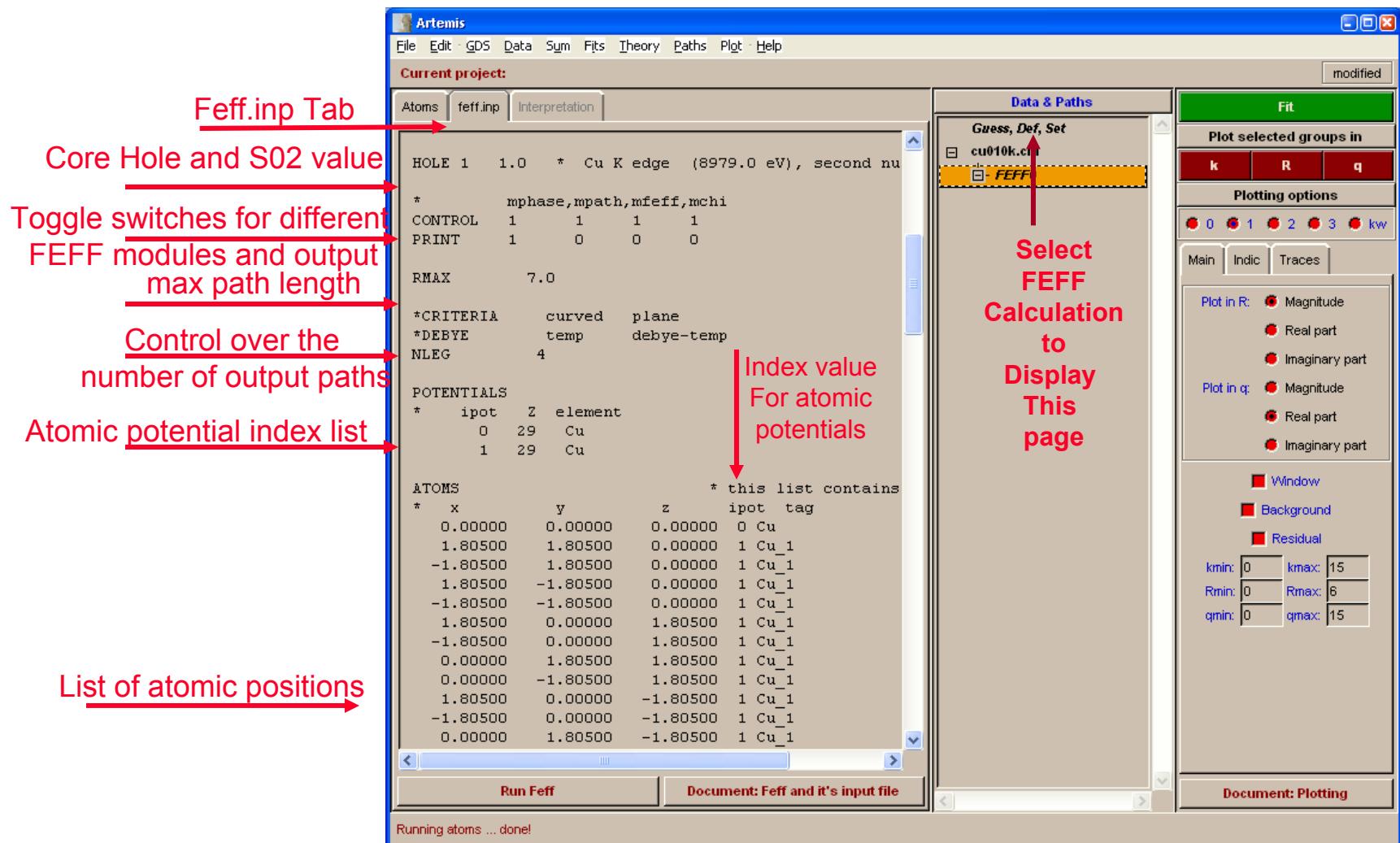
HOLE 1  1.0  * Cu K edge (8979.0 eV), second nu

* mphase,mphase,mfeff,mchi
CONTROL 1    1    1    1
PRINT   1    0    0    0

Running atoms ... done!
```

Theory input page (feff.inp)

➤ Scroll feff.inp page downward



Theory input page (feff.inp)

➤ Scroll feff.inp page downward and to the right

Check that the atomic Distances from the absorbing atom Are reasonable

Select FEFF Calculation to Display This page

Artemis

File Edit GDS Data Sym Fits Theory Paths Plot Help

Current project: feff.inp Interpretation

Atoms

Y Z ipot tag distance

0.00000 0.00000 0 Cu 0.00000

1.80500 0.00000 1 Cu_1 2.55266

1.80500 0.00000 1 Cu_1 2.55266

1.80500 0.00000 1 Cu_1 2.55266

-1.80500 0.00000 1 Cu_1 2.55266

0.00000 1.80500 1 Cu_1 2.55266

0.00000 1.80500 1 Cu_1 2.55266

1.80500 1.80500 1 Cu_1 2.55266

-1.80500 1.80500 1 Cu_1 2.55266

0.00000 -1.80500 1 Cu_1 2.55266

0.00000 -1.80500 1 Cu_1 2.55266

1.80500 -1.80500 1 Cu_1 2.55266

-1.80500 -1.80500 1 Cu_1 2.55266

0.00000 0.00000 1 Cu_2 3.61000

0.00000 0.00000 1 Cu_2 3.61000

3.61000 0.00000 1 Cu_2 3.61000

-3.61000 0.00000 1 Cu_2 3.61000

0.00000 3.61000 1 Cu_2 3.61000

0.00000 -3.61000 1 Cu_2 3.61000

1.80500 1.80500 1 Cu_3 4.42133

1.80500 1.80500 1 Cu_3 4.42133

3.61000 1.80500 1 Cu_3 4.42133

3.61000 1.80500 1 Cu_3 4.42133

-1.80500 1.80500 1 Cu_3 4.42133

-1.80500 1.80500 1 Cu_3 4.42133

-3.61000 1.80500 1 Cu_3 4.42133

-3.61000 1.80500 1 Cu_3 4.42133

1.80500 3.61000 1 Cu_3 4.42133

1.80500 3.61000 1 Cu_3 4.42133

Running atoms ... done!

Document: Feff and it's input file

Data & Paths

Guess, Def, Set

cu010k.chi

FEFF0

Fit

Plot selected groups in

k R q

Plotting options

0 1 2 3 kw

Main Indic Traces

Plot in R: Magnitude, Real part, Imaginary part

Plot in q: Magnitude, Real part, Imaginary part

Window, Background, Residual

kmin: 0 kmax: 15

Rmin: 0 Rmax: 6

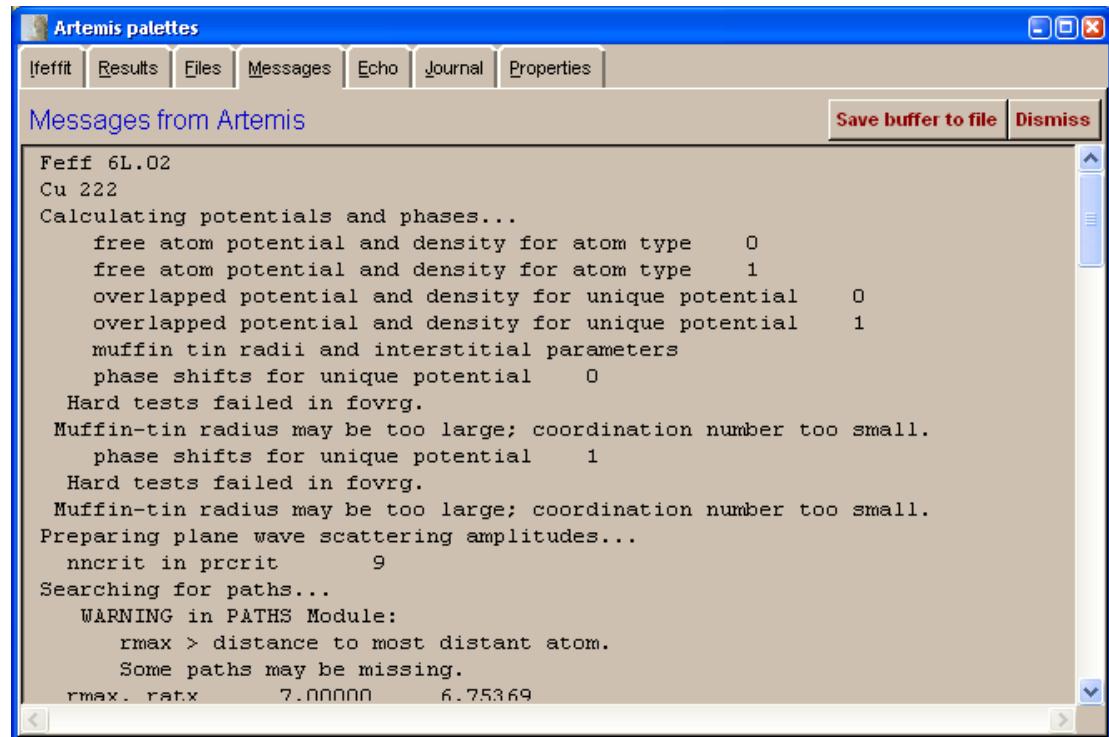
qmin: 0 qmax: 15

Document: Plotting

Text messages during Feff calculation

- **Artemis Palettes**

- Ifeffit: Shows the interface from Artemis to Ifeffit. Artemis is just a nice interface to Ifeffit. Ifeffit does the work!
- Results: Shows the results page from a fit of the theory to the data.
- Files: Shows data files.
- Messages: Shows output from Feff.
- Echo: Shows entire message from Artemis Echo area
- Journal: Useful place to make notes.
- Properties: Notes about the current project file.

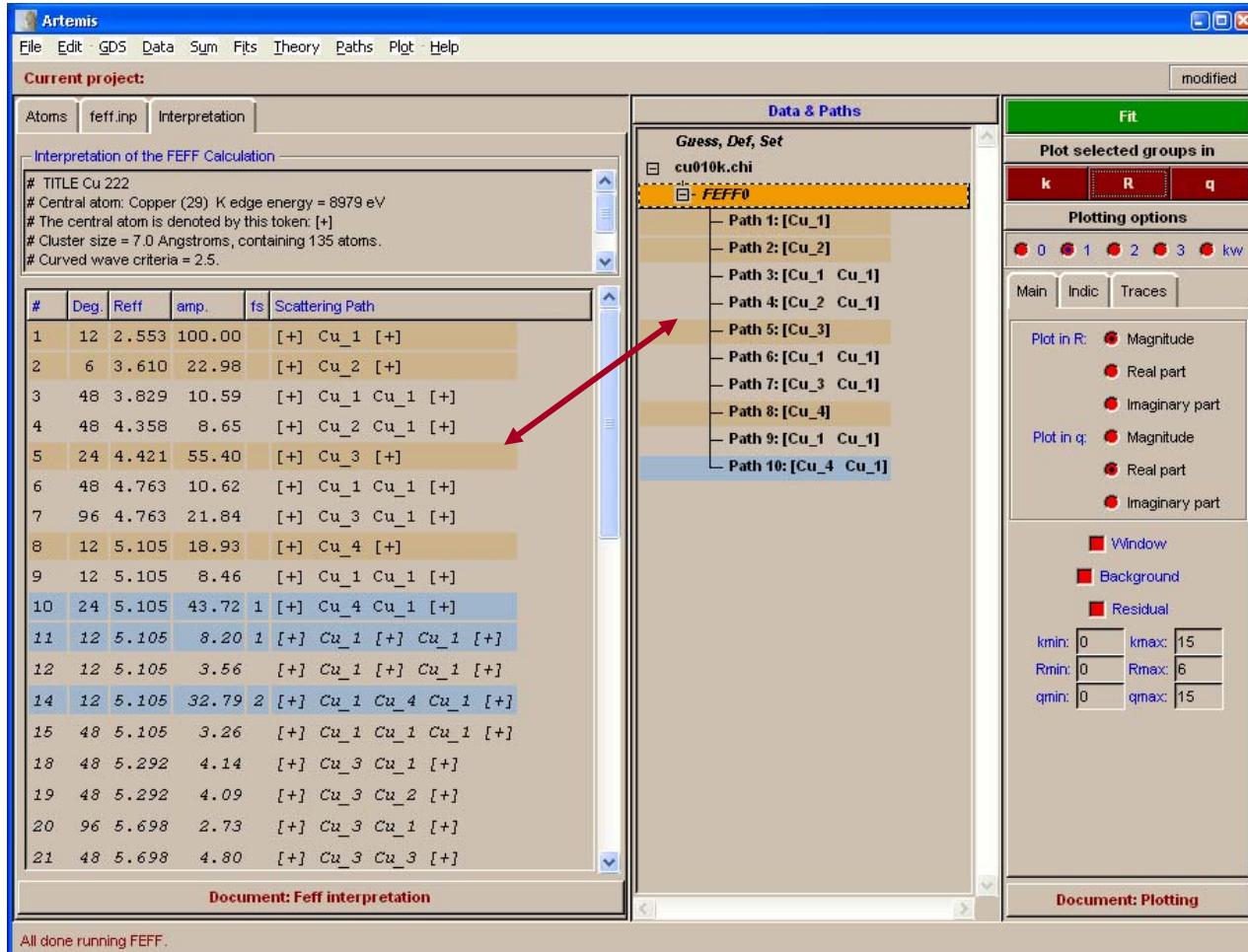


The screenshot shows a window titled "Artemis palettes" with a tab bar at the top containing "Ifeffit", "Results", "Files", "Messages", "Echo", "Journal", and "Properties". The "Messages" tab is selected, displaying the text "Messages from Artemis". The main pane contains the following text output from a Feff calculation:

```
Feff 6L.02
Cu 222
Calculating potentials and phases...
    free atom potential and density for atom type      0
    free atom potential and density for atom type      1
    overlapped potential and density for unique potential      0
    overlapped potential and density for unique potential      1
    muffin tin radii and interstitial parameters
    phase shifts for unique potential      0
Hard tests failed in fovrg.
Muffin-tin radius may be too large; coordination number too small.
    phase shifts for unique potential      1
Hard tests failed in fovrg.
Muffin-tin radius may be too large; coordination number too small.
Preparing plane wave scattering amplitudes...
    nnccrit in prcrit      9
Searching for paths...
WARNING in PATHS Module:
    rmax > distance to most distant atom.
    Some paths may be missing.
rmax. ratx      7.00000      6.75369
```

Feff paths: feffxxxx.dat

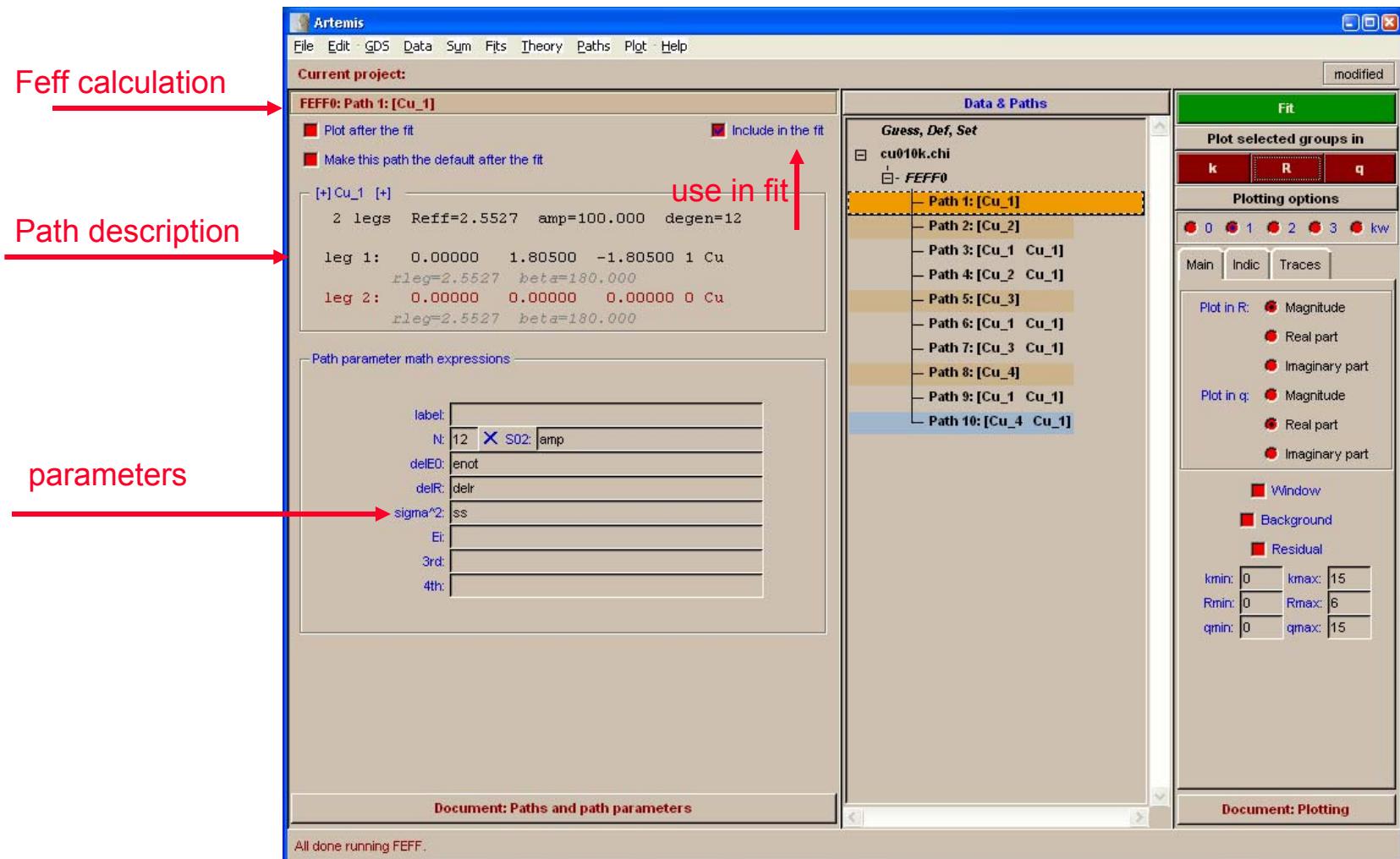
- **Degen:** Degeneracy of the path (number of identical scattering paths)
- **r_{eff}:** Initial half path length (bond length for single scattering path)
- **amp:** Estimate of amplitude of path relative to first path.
- **fS:** Number of forward scattering events.
- **scattering path:** atoms scattering photoelectron, [+] symbol represents core atom.



S I Zabinsky, J J Rehr, A Ankudinov, R C Albers and M J Eller. "Multiple-scattering calculations of X-ray-absorption spectra." Phys. Rev. B **52**(4): pp 2995-3009, 1995.

Path Description

➤ Click on Path1 in the Data & Paths list



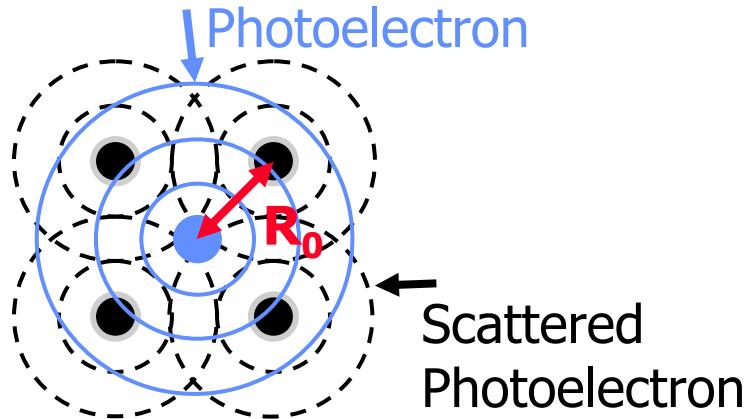
The EXAFS Equation

- E. A. Stern and S M Heald Basic principles and applications of EXAFS. Handbook of Synchrotron Radiation. E. E. Koch. New York, North-Holland. **10**: pp 995-1014, 1983.
- E. A. Stern. "Theory of the extended x-ray-absorption fine structure." Phys Rev B **10**(8): pp 3027-3037, Oct 1974.
- E A Stern. "Structural determination by X-ray Absorption." Contemp. Phys **19**(4): pp 239-310, 1978.

$$\chi(k) = \sum_i \chi_i(k)$$

with each path written as:

$$\chi_i(k) = \left(\frac{(N_i S_0^2) F_i(k)}{k R_i^2} \sin(2kR_i + \varphi_i(k)) \exp(-2\sigma_i^2 k^2) \exp(-2R_i/\lambda(k)) \right)$$
$$R_i = R_0 + \Delta R$$
$$k^2 = 2 m_e(E - E_0)/\hbar$$



$F_i(k)$ effective scattering amplitude

$\varphi_i(k)$ effective scattering phase shift

$\lambda(k)$ mean free path

R_0 initial path length

N_i degeneracy of path

S_0^2 passive electron reduction factor

E_0 energy shift

ΔR change in half-path length

σ_i^2 mean squared displacement

Feff calculates the theoretical scattering amplitude $F(k)$ effective, hence the name Feff.

Path Parameters

- To produce a theoretical model each path must have a value for each of these parameters.
- Artemis makes a guess for these expressions.
- These values can originate from numbers or math expressions.

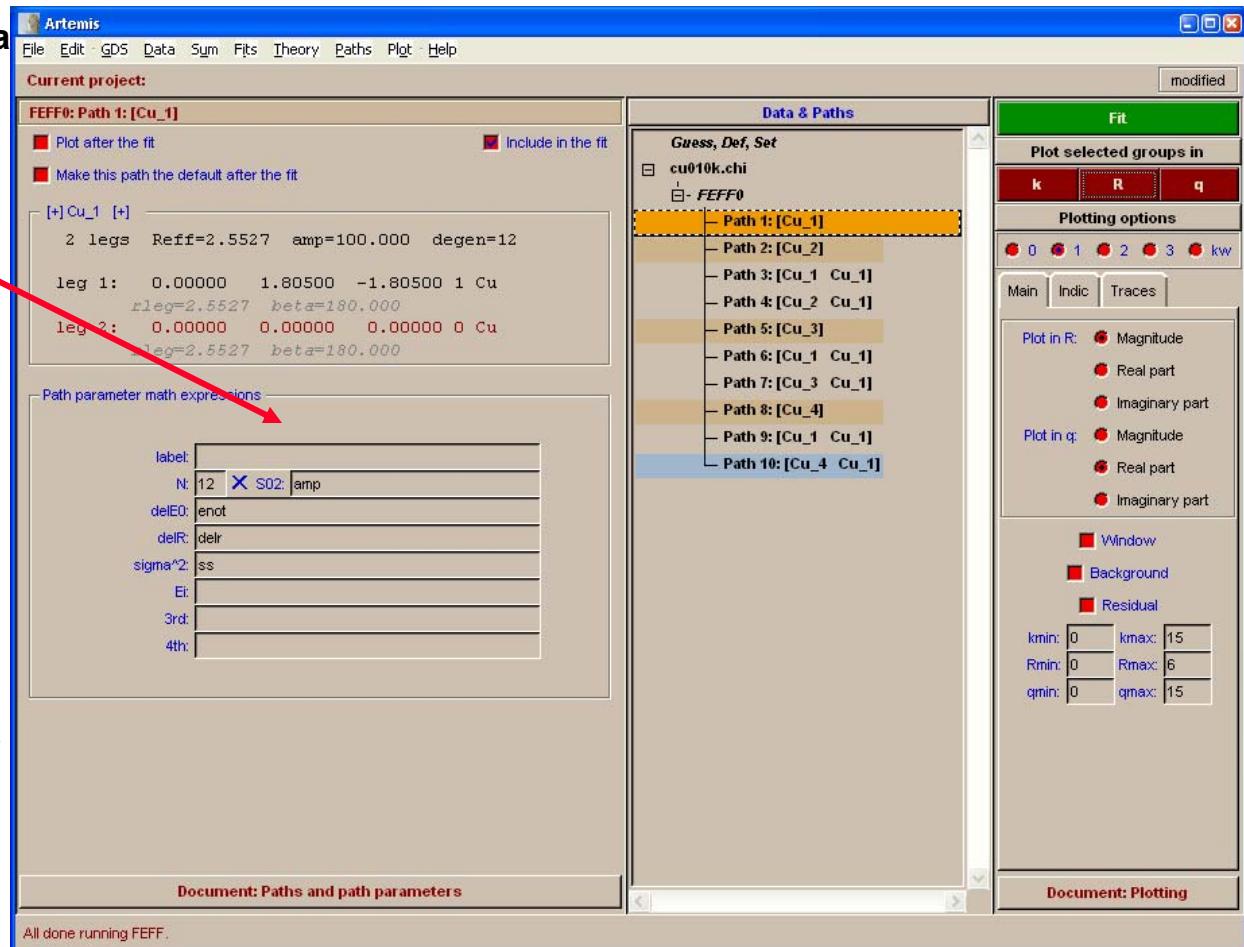
S02 passive electron reduction factor

N degeneracy of path

E0 energy shift

delR change in half-path length

sigma^2 mean squared displacement of the half path length

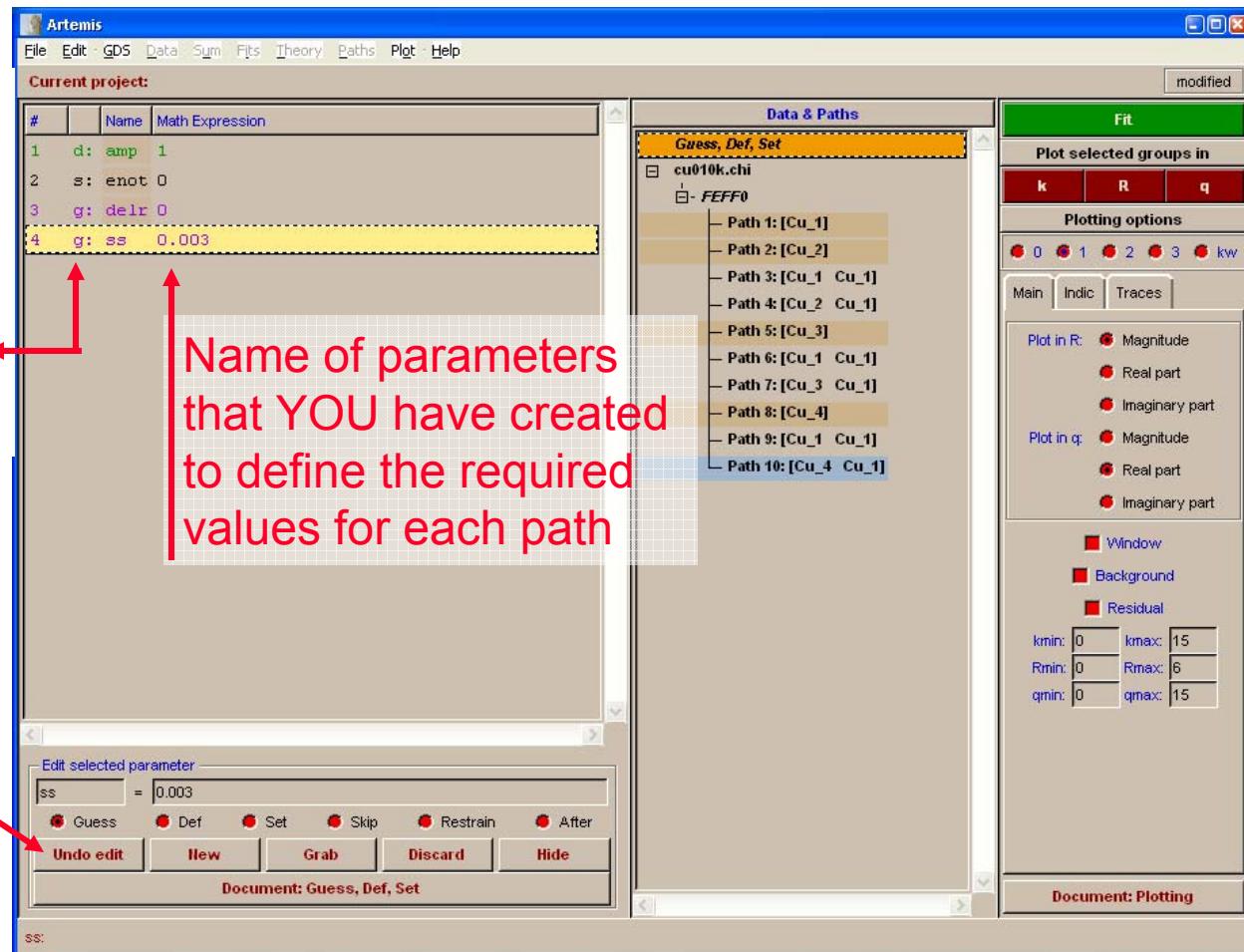


➤ Click “Guess, Def, Set” in the Data & Paths list

EXAFS parameters

- **Guess:** Optimize parameter in fit.
- **Def:** Define a parameter to a given value but re-evaluate it during the fit
- **Set:** Set a value to a given value. Determine value once.
- **Skip:** Do not use this parameter.
- **Restrain:** penalty that can be added to the fit.

- **Define:** Define parameter to value given.
- **New:** Make a new parameter.
- **Grab:** Set the value to the best-fit value from the fit.
- **Discard:** remove parameter.
- **Hide:** Hide editing area



➤ Click “Fit” to optimize these values

Fit Results

Artemis palettes Save Dismiss

Results from the last fit Raw log file

Project title : Fitting cu010k.chi
Comment : Fit #1
Prepared by :
Contact :
Started : 12:38:31 on 26 June, 2009
This fit at : 14:41:50 on 27 June, 2009
Environment : Artemis 0.8.013 using Windows XP, perl 5.008008, Tk 804.027, a
Data sets : "cu010k.chi"
Fit label : fit 1
Figure of merit : 1

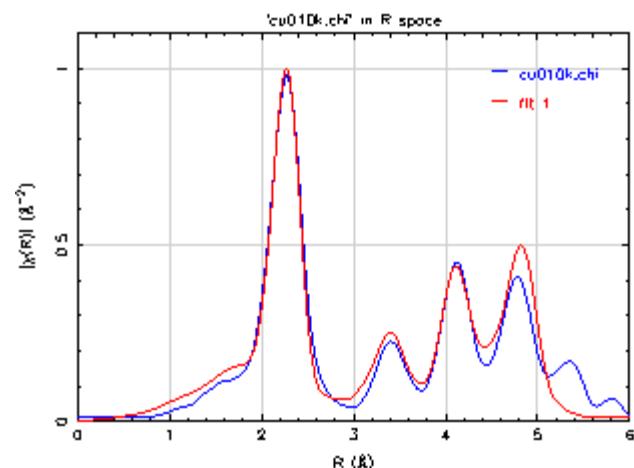
=====

Independent points = 21.187500000
Number of variables = 4.000000000
Chi-square = 1078.130989819 ← Statistical quality of Fit
Reduced Chi-square = 62.727621226
R-factor = 0.010391311
Measurement uncertainty (k) = 0.000914479
Measurement uncertainty (R) = 0.003911955
Number of data sets = 1.000000000

Guess parameters +/- uncertainties (initial guess):
amp = 0.8626890 +/- 0.0435050 (1.0000)
enot = 4.8357170 +/- 0.4306520 (0.0000)
ss = 0.0031660 +/- 0.0003500 (0.0030)
alpha = -0.0030710 +/- 0.0010070 (0.0000)

Correlations between variables:
Your parameters --> 0.8711
 amp and alpha --> 0.7818
All other correlations are below 0.25

Best fit values with uncertainties



Fit Results

Artemis palettes

Ifeffit Results Files Messages Echo Journal Properties

Results from the last fit

Raw log file Save Dismiss

```
===== Paths used to fit cu010k.chi

FEFFFO: Path 1: [Cu_1] ...
feff = D:\Documents and Settings\E446095\Application Data\horae\stash\artemis\cu010k.chi
id = reff= 2.5527, nlegs= 2, path= Cu<->Cu
label =
r = 2.544859
degen = 12.000000
s02 = 0.862689
e0 = 4.835717
dr = -0.007841
ss2 = 0.003166
3rd = 0.000000
4th = 0.000000
ei = 0.000000

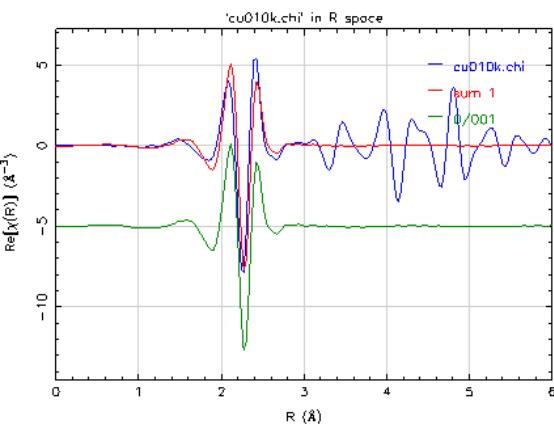
FEFFFO: Path 2: [Cu_2] ...
feff = D:\Documents and Settings\E446095\Application Data\horae\stash\artemis\cu010k.chi
id = reff= 3.6100, nlegs= 2, path= Cu<->Cu
label =
r = 3.598912
degen = 6.000000
s02 = 0.862689
e0 = 4.835717
dr = -0.011088
ss2 = 0.003166
3rd = 0.000000
4th = 0.000000
ei = 0.000000

FEFFFO: Path 3: [Cu_1 Cu_1] ...
feff = D:\Documents and Settings\E446095\Application Data\horae\stash\artemis\cu010k.chi
id = reff= 3.8290 nlegs= 3 path= Cu->Cu->Cu->Cu
```

The value used for each EXAFS parameter for each path included in the fit.

Used as a diagnostic tool when models do not work as expected

Example: Cu foil



GSD Info

The screenshot shows the Artemis software interface with the following details:

- File menu:** File, Edit, GDS, Data, Sum, Fits, Theory, Pal.
- Current project:** C:\Program Files\lfeffit\examples
- Table:** Shows GSD parameters for 'Cu_1' (2 legs):

#	Name	Math Expression
1	g: amp	0.9
2	g: enot	0
3	g: delr	0
4	g: sigsqr	0.003
5	d: signor	0.00052

Path Info

The screenshot shows the Artemis software interface with the following details:

- File menu:** File, Edit, GDS, Data, Sum, Fits, Theory, Pal.
- Current project:** C:\Program Files\lfeffit\examples
- Table:** Shows path parameters for 'Cu_1' (2 legs):

leg 1:	0.00000	1.80500	-1.80500	1 Cu
rlag	2.5527			
leg 2:	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0 Cu
rlag	2.5527			
- Path parameter math expressions:**

label: N	12	X SO2:amp
delE0:	enot	
delR:	delr	
sigma^2:	sigsqr + signor	
Ei:		
3rd:		
4th:		
- File tree:** Shows the file structure under 'Guess, Def, Set':
 - cu010k.chi
 - Sum
 - sum 1
 - FEFF0
 - feff001.dat
 - feff002.dat
 - feff003.dat
 - feff004.dat
 - feff005.dat

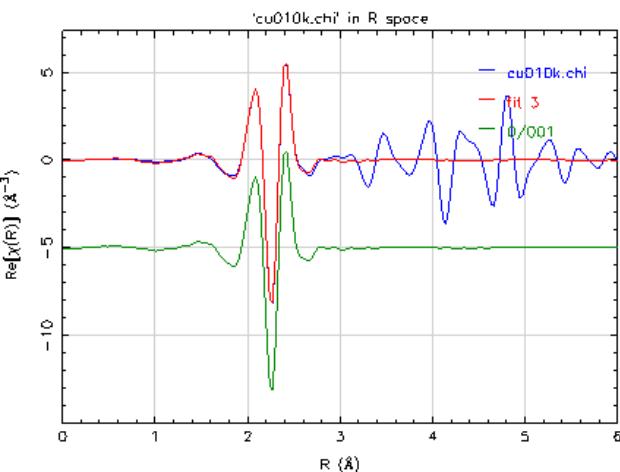
Data Parameters

The screenshot shows the Artemis software interface with the following details:

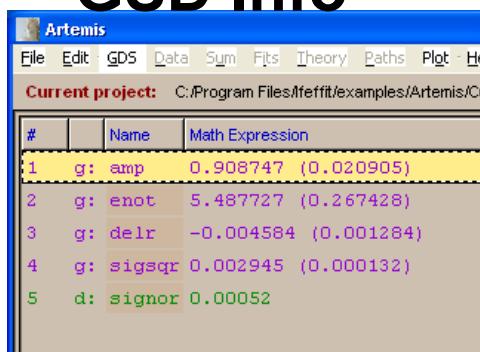
- Data file:** cu010k.chi
- Data controls:**
 - Include data in the fit? (checked)
 - Plot data after the fit? (checked)
 - Fit background (unchecked)
- Fourier and fit parameters:**
 - k-range: 2.5 to 18
 - R-range: 1.396 to 2.793
 - dk: 1
 - dr: 0.5
 - k window: Hanning
 - R window: Hanning
- Other parameters:**
 - Fitting space: R
 - Epsilon: 0
 - Minimum reported correlation: 0.25
 - Path to use for phase corrections: None
 - Fit k-weights:
 - kw=1 (checked)
 - kw=2 (checked)
 - kw=3 (checked)
 - other k weight
- Document:** Fitting parameters

- Example from c:\Program Files\lfeffit\examples\Artemis
- Set up variables for first shell and give them reasonable values
- Sum paths to see how the theory corresponds to the data
- Notice strong signal due to 1st Cu neighbor is in about the right place for the data. Overall shape is similar
- Make sure that fit range is appropriate and choose kw for fit

Cu First Shell Model Results



GSD Info



Results Info

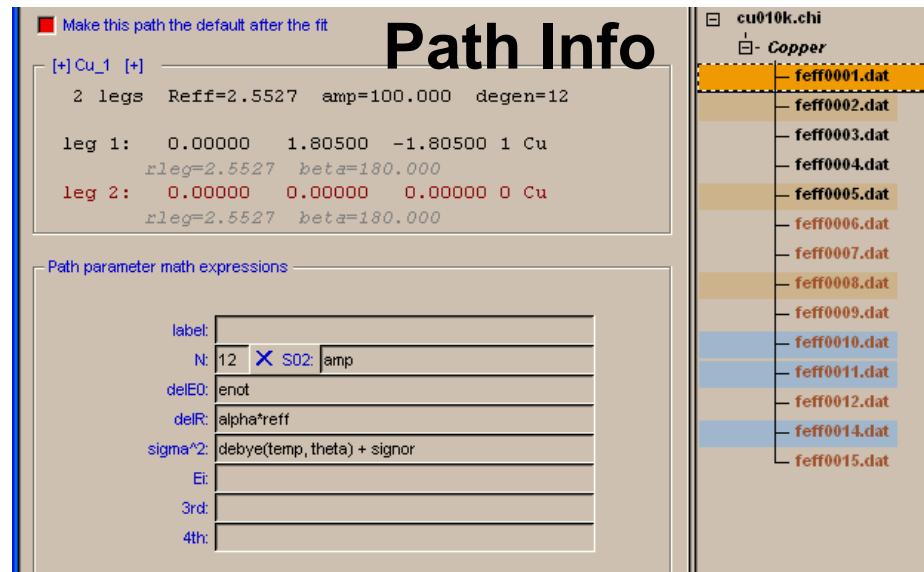
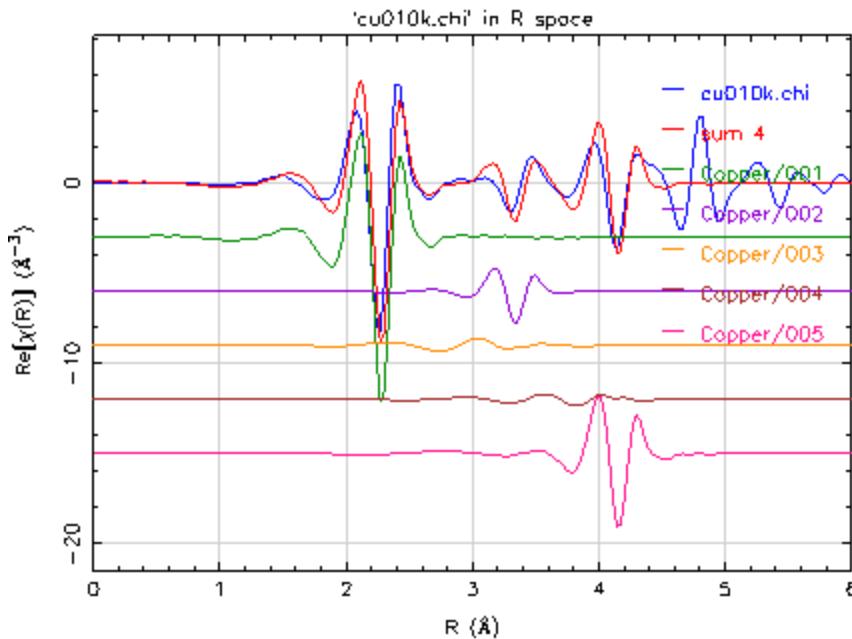
```
Independent points          =      13.579101562
Number of variables        =      4.0000000000
Chi-square                 =      259.769677739
Reduced Chi-square         =      27.118375982
R-factor                   =      0.001326741
Measurement uncertainty (k) =      0.001130698
Measurement uncertainty (R) =      0.004441269
Number of data sets        =      1.0000000000

Guess parameters +/- uncertainties (initial guess):
amp                      =      0.9087470  +/-      0.0209050
enot                     =      5.4877270  +/-      0.2674280
delr                     =     -0.0045840  +/-      0.0012840
sig sqr                  =      0.0029450  +/-      0.0001320

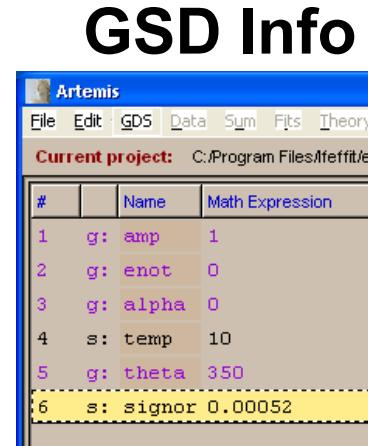
Def parameters (using "FEFF0: feff0001.dat"):
signor                   =      0.0005200
```

- Data and Model are in good agreement
- GSD values are reasonable

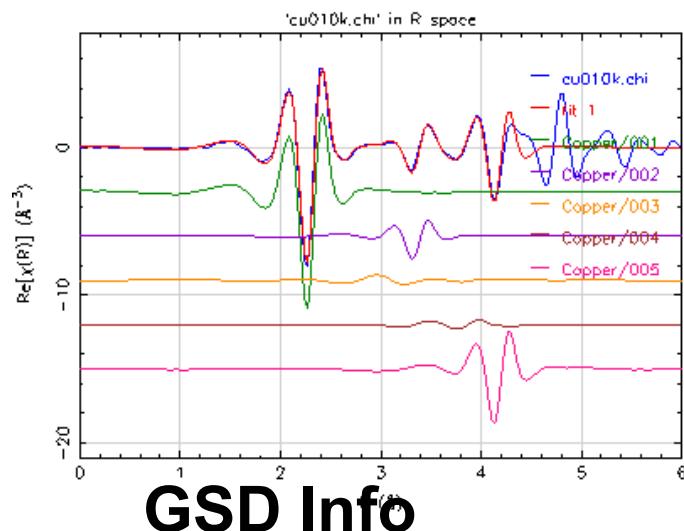
Cu: Three Shell Model



- Use alpha to define path lengths
- Use Debye temperature to define σ^2 values
- Each Single scattering path fits into a specific signal in the data



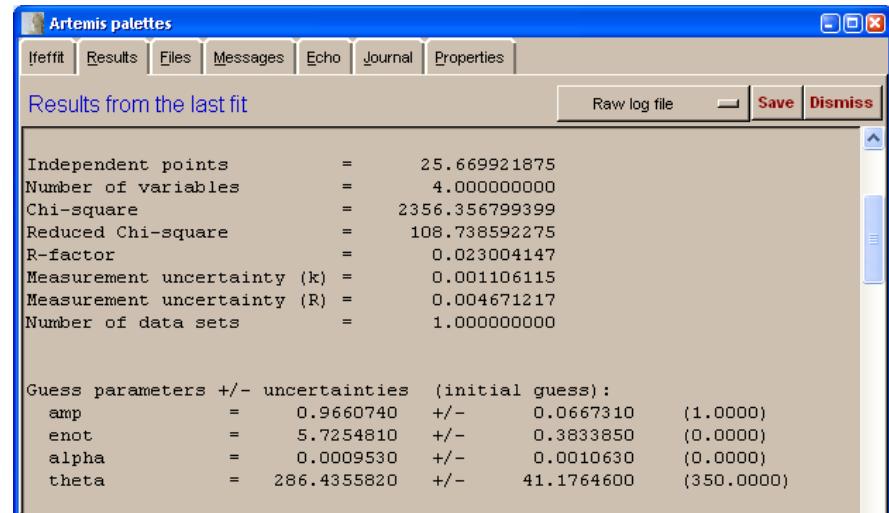
Fitting results for three shell fit to Cu



GSD Info

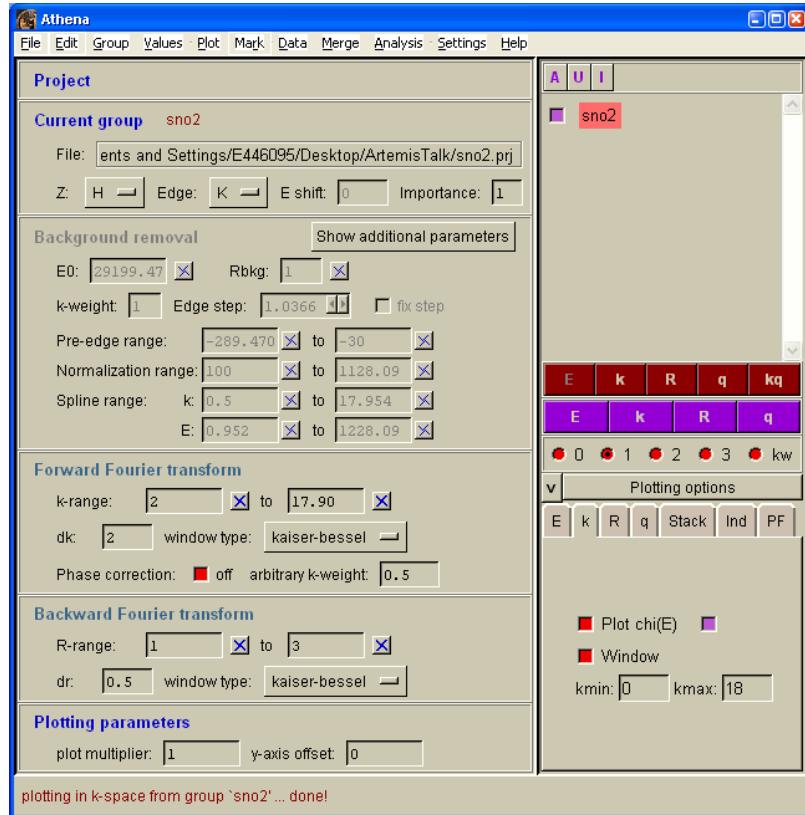
#	Name	Math Expression
1	g: amp	0.966074 (0.066731)
2	g: enot	5.725481 (0.383385)
3	g: alpha	0.000953 (0.001063)
4	s: temp	10
5	g: theta	286.435582 (41.176460)
6	s: signor	0.00052

Results Info



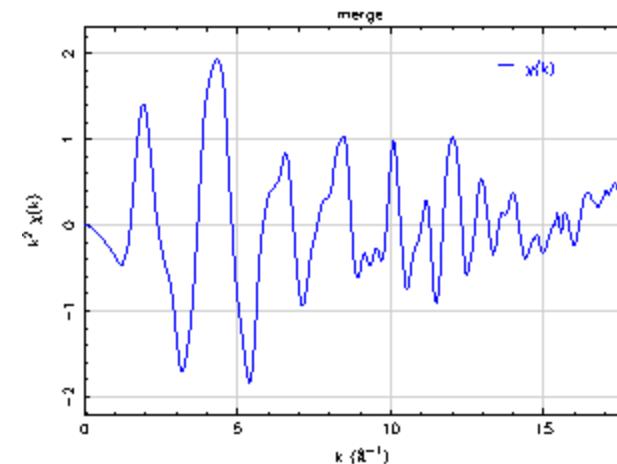
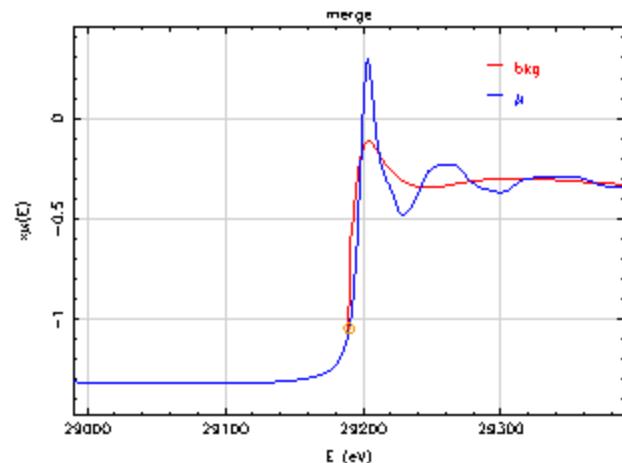
- There is more to this example on your computer
- Modeling more shells and modeling temperature dependent spectra series

Example #2: Align SnO₂ EXAFS Spectra to Theory

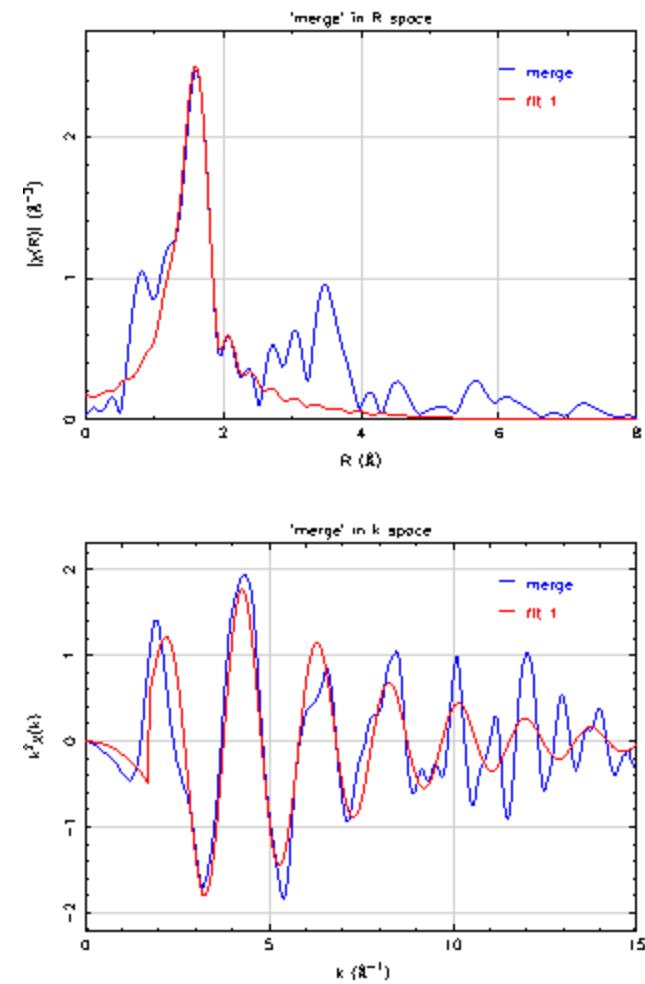
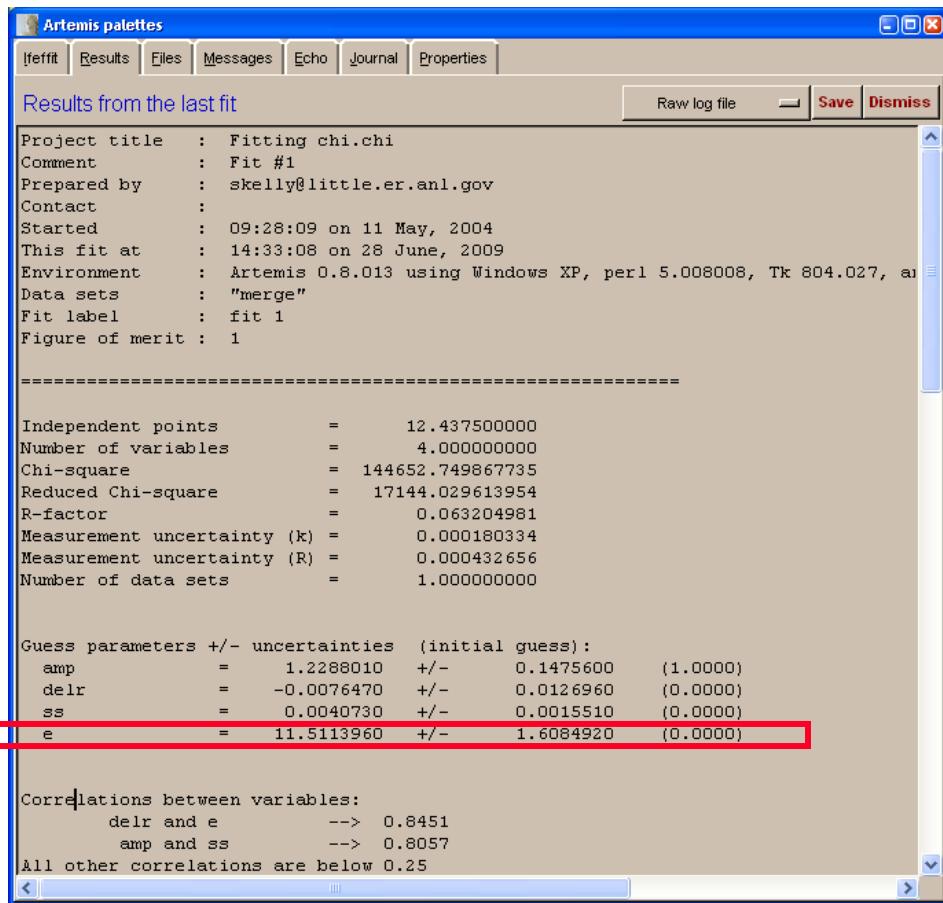


- E0 is somewhere on the edge
- Using default parameters

M Newville, B Ravel, D Haskel and E A Stern. "Analysis of multiple scattering XAFS data using theoretical standards." Physica B 208 & 209: pp 154-156, 1995.

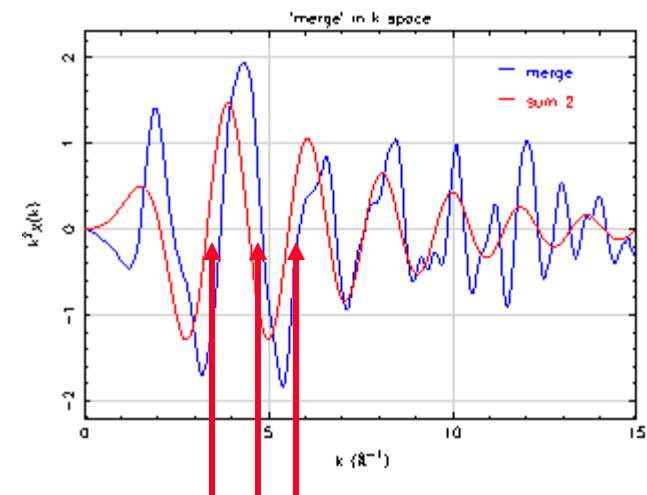
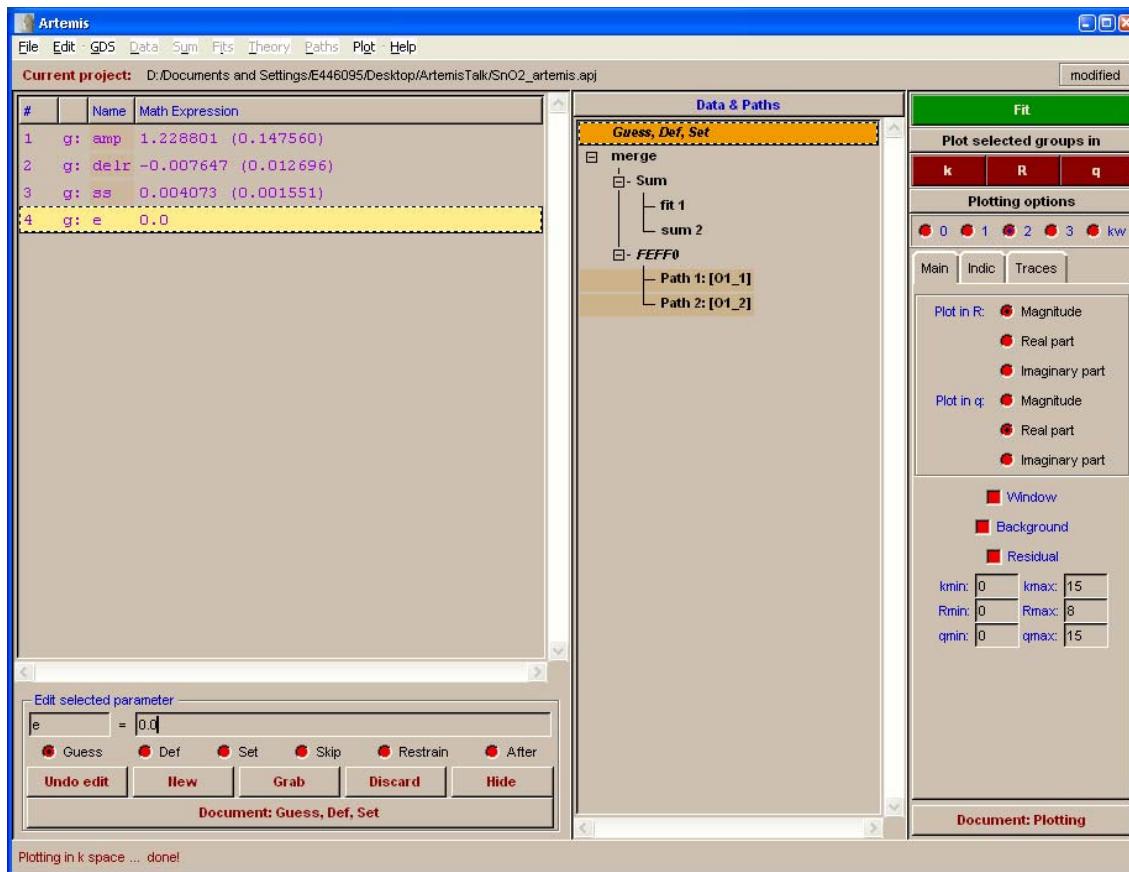


Fit of first Shell



- E0 could be smaller
- Background needs to be adjusted
- More information:
 - M Newville, B Ravel, D Haskel and E A Stern. "Analysis of multiple scattering XAFS data using theoretical standards." *Physica B* 208 & 209: pp 154-156, 1995.

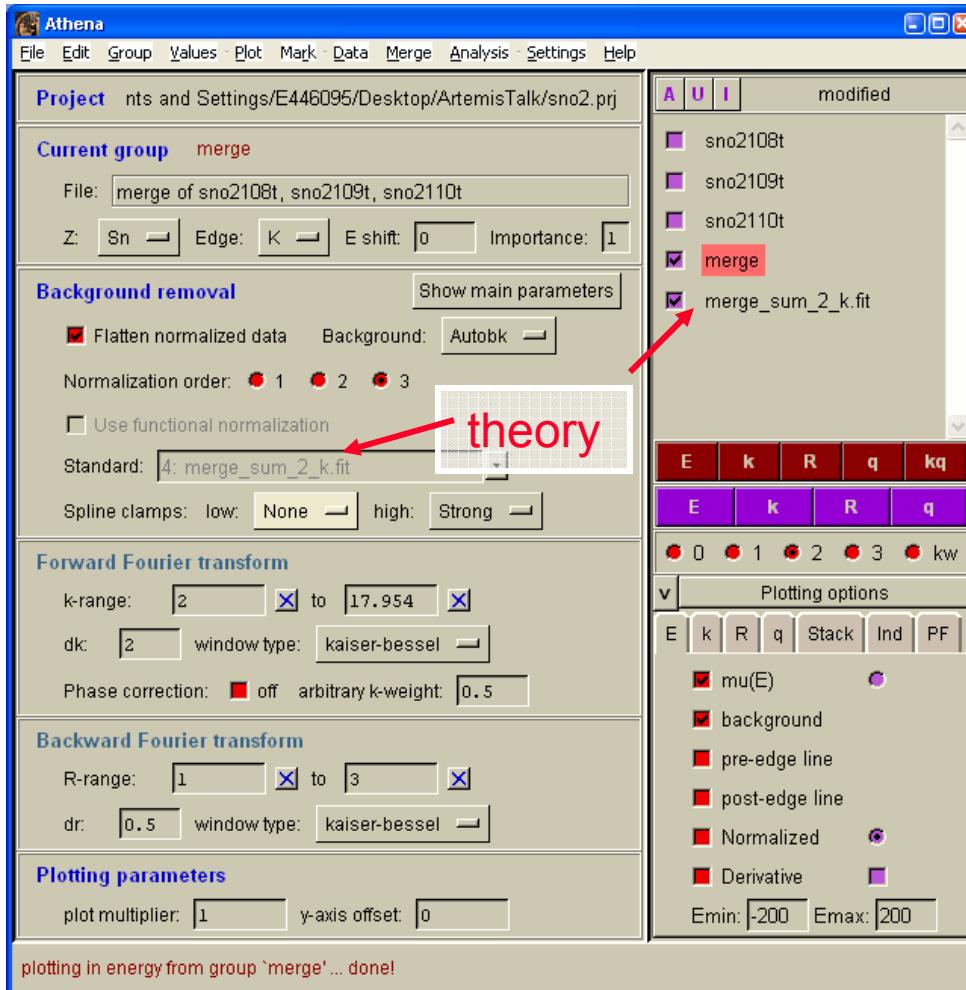
Create first shell model with $\Delta E=0$



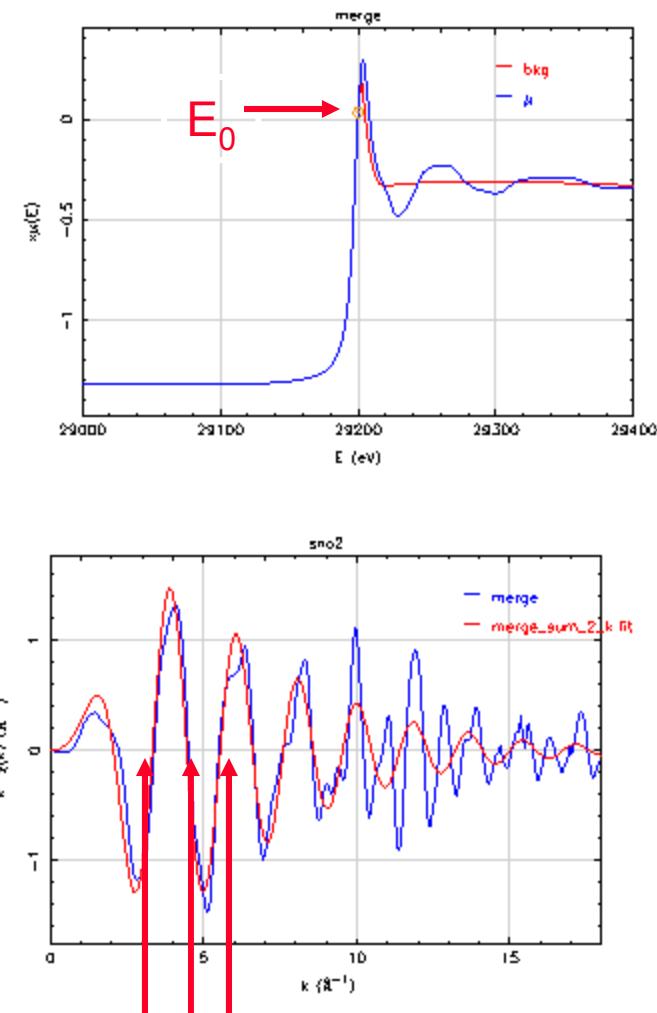
Data and theory are not aligned

- Set parameters to their best-fit values by using the Grab button.
- Set $e=0$.
- Sum all paths to make model spectrum with $E=0$.

Background corrected and energy aligned by using theory



- Read the theory into Athena
- Select your data and use the theory as a standard
- Adjust E_0 so that the data and theory are aligned at low k values



Data and theory are aligned

Fit to first shell with background adjusted

Artemis palettes

Results from the last fit

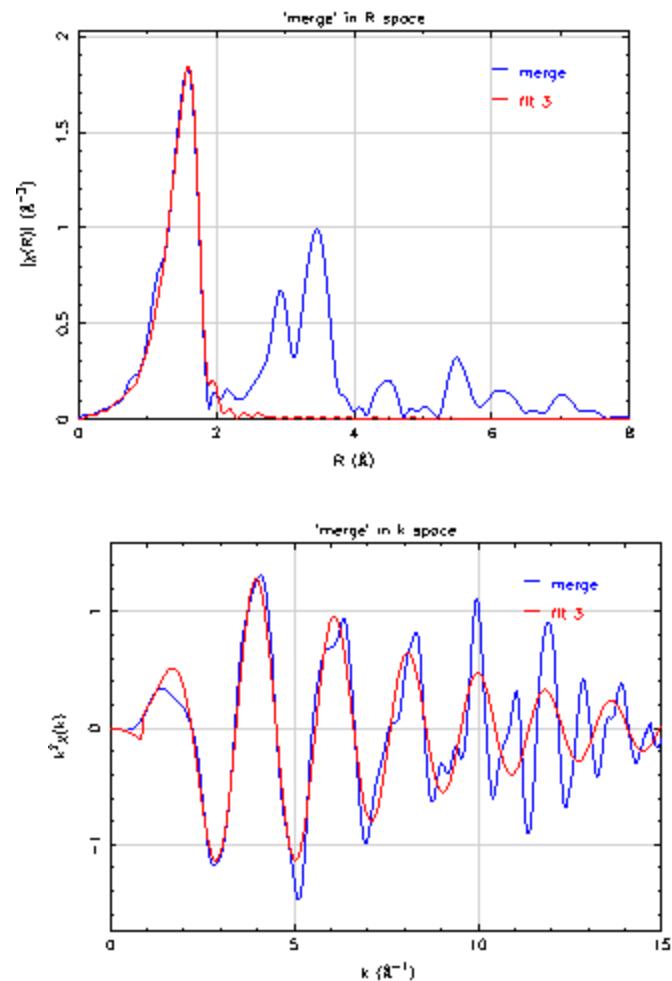
Raw log file Save Dismiss

```
Project title      : Fitting chi.chi
Comment           : Sum #1
Prepared by       : skelly@little.er.anl.gov
Contact          :
Started          : 09:28:09 on 11 May, 2004
This fit at       : 14:49:08 on 28 June, 2009
Environment       : Artemis 0.8.013 using Windows XP, perl 5.008008, Tk 804.027, an
Data sets         : "merge"
Fit label         : fit 3
Figure of merit   : 3

=====
Independent points      =      19.875000000
Number of variables     =      4.000000000
Chi-square             =      7550.041600728
Reduced Chi-square      =      475.593171699
R-factor               =      0.033932590
Measurement uncertainty (k) =      0.000292358
Measurement uncertainty (R) =      0.001144697
Number of data sets     =      1.000000000

Guess parameters +/- uncertainties (initial guess):
amp                 =      0.9586310  +/-      0.0716180  (guessed as 1.228801 (0
delr                =     -0.0023340  +/-      0.0083500  (guessed as -0.007647 (0
ss                  =      0.0023830  +/-      0.0010680  (guessed as 0.004073 (0
e                   =      2.8114190  +/-      0.8594790  (0.0000)

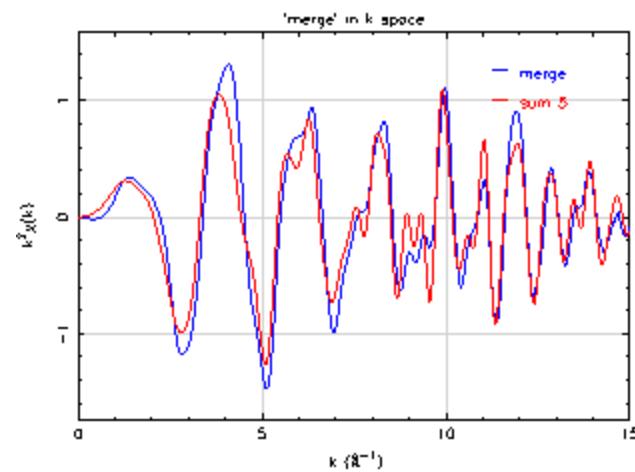
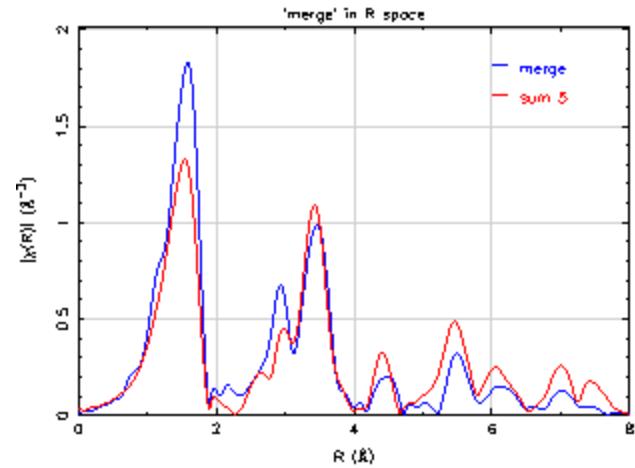
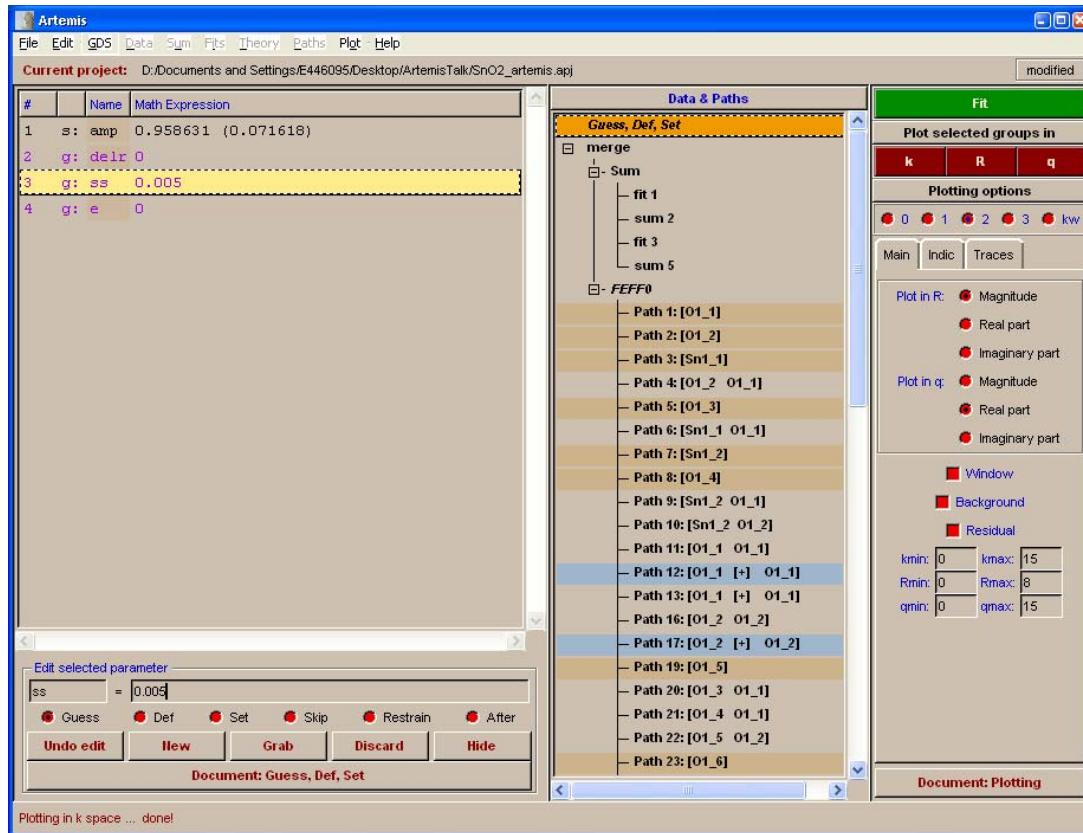
Correlations between variables:
delr and e          -->  0.8136
amp and ss          -->  0.7698
All other correlations are below 0.25
```



- Read the chi(k) data back into Artemis and fit the first shell

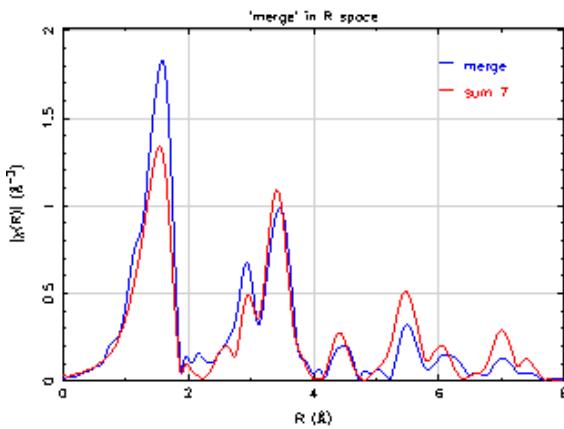
Example 3: Modeling a metal-oxide (SnO_2)

- Compare the sum of all 69 paths to the data

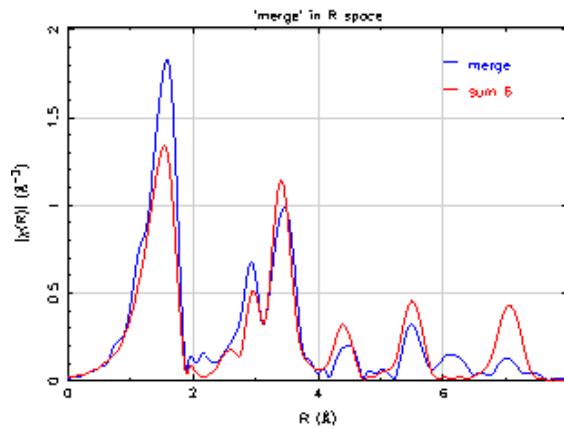


How many paths are required?

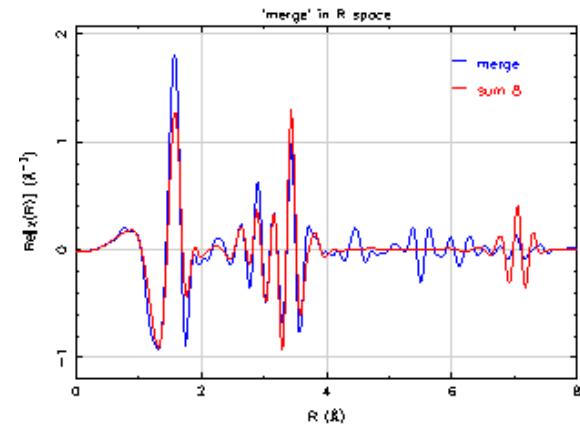
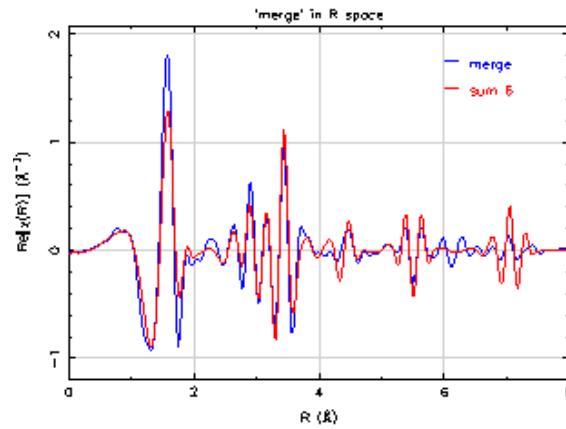
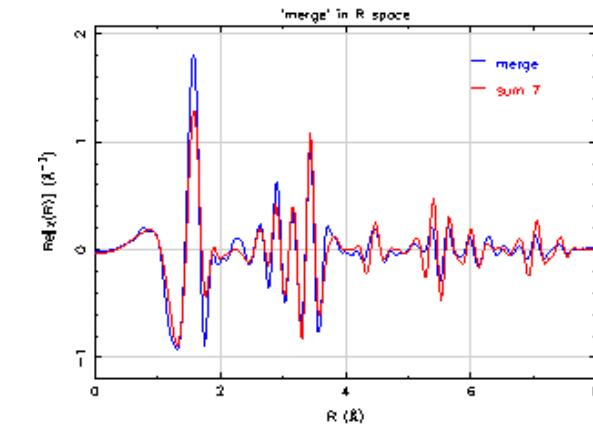
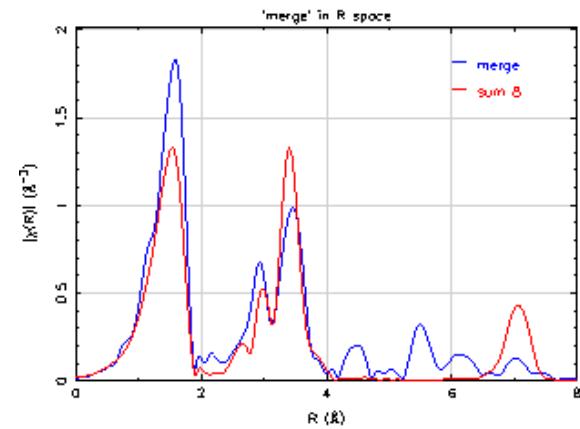
Minimum amplitude 5%
30 of 69 paths



Minimum amplitude 10%
18 of 69 paths



Minimum amplitude 15%
8 of 69 paths



All data is present in model

missing a little of the data

missing a lot of the data

Models to consider:

- Δr :
 - Symmetric expansion term: Alpha * reff.
 - Grouped depending on distance and atom types
 - Related to unit cell dimensions
- ΔE :
 - Energy shifts that depend on atom type
 - One energy shift for all paths
 - Two energy shifts, one for first shell and another for all other shells
- σ^2 :
 - Grouped depending on distance and atom types.
 - Use a Debye or Einstein model, with one or more characteristic temperatures.
 - Each shell with independent value.
 - Separate structural disorder from thermal disorder components.
- S02:
 - One S02 for all paths.
 - Approximate S02 from standards.
- N:
 - Determined by the crystal structure.
 - Fit a data series where N is expected to change.

Some EXAFS references

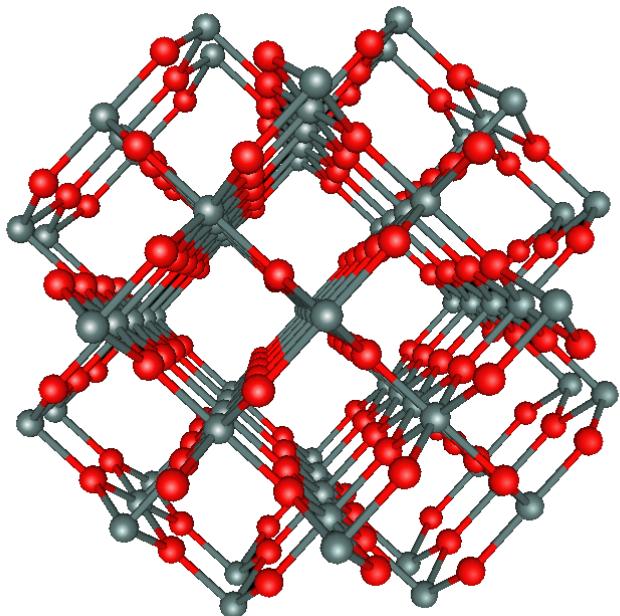
- Multiple edges, structural information: B Ravel, E. Cockayne, M. Newville and K. M. Rabe. "Combined EXAFS and first-principles theory study of Pb_{1-x}GexTe." *Phys. Rev. B* 60(21): pp 14632–14642, Dec 1999
- Structural information, bond angles: A. I. Frenkel, E A Stern, A. Voronel, M. Qian and M Newville. "Solving the structure of disordered mixed salts." *Phys. Rev. B* 49(17 – 1): pp 11662–11674, May 1994.
- Model two phases, then combined to model a mixture: S. Kelly, R. Ingalls, F. Wang, B. Ravel and D. Haskel. "X-ray-absorption fine-structure study of the B1-to-B2 phase transition in RbCl." *Phys. Rev. B* 57(13): pp 7543–7550, April 1998
- Determine neighbor atom types and number using standards: S. D. Kelly, K. M. Kemner, J. B. Fein, D. A. Fowle, M. I. Boyanov, B. A. Bunker and N. Yee. "X-ray absorption fine-structure determination of pH dependent U-bacterial cell wall interactions." *Geochem. Cosmo. acta*. 66(22): pp 3855-3871, Nov 2002.
- Multiple techniques: P G Allen, J J Bucher, D L Clark, N M Edelstein, S A Ekberg, J W Gohdes, E A Hudson, N Kaltsoyannis, W W Lukens, M P Neu, P D Palmer, T Reich, D K Shuh, C D Tait and B D Zwick. "Multinuclear NMR, Raman, EXAFS, and X-ray diffraction studies of uranyl carbonate complexes in near-neutral aqueous solution. X-ray structure of [C(NH₂)₃]₆[(UO₂)₃(CO₃)₆] 6.5H₂O." *Inorg. Chem.* 34: pp 4797-4807, 1995.
- Pressure dependent data: A. I. Frenkel, F. M. Wang, S. Kelly, R. Ingalls, D. Haskel, E. A. Stern and Y. Yacoby, "Local structural changes in KNbO₃ under high pressure", *Physical Review B* 56, 10869, 1997.
- Temperature dependent data: D. Haskel, E.A. Stern, D.G. Hinks, A.W. Mitchell, J.D. Jorgensen, J.I. Budnick, "Dopant and Temperature Induced Structural Phase Transitions in La_{2-x}Sr_xCuO₄" *Physical Review Letters*, 76 (3) pg 439
- Multiple edges, structural disorder: S. Calvin, E. E. Carpenter, B. Ravel, V. G. Harris and S. A. Morrison. "Multiedge refinement of extended x-ray-absorption fine structure of manganese zinc ferrite nanoparticles." *Phys. Rev. B* 66: pp 224405, 2002.
- Structural information from XANES and EXAFS: B. Ravel, E. A. Stern, R. I. Vedrinskii and V. Kraizman. "Local structure and the phase transitions of BaTiO₃." *FERROELECTRICS* 206(1-4): pp 407-430, 1998.
- Temperature dependence and nanoparticles: A. I. Frenkel, C. W. Hills and R. G. Nuzzo. "A view from the inside: Complexity in the atomic scale ordering of supported metal nanoparticles." *JOURNAL OF PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY B* 105(51): pp 12689-12703, 2001.
- Kelly, S. D.; Hesterberg, D.; Ravel, B. Analysis of soils and minerals using X-ray absorption spectroscopy. In Methods of soil analysis, Part 5 -Mineralogical methods; Ulery, A. L., Drees, L. R., Eds.; Soil Science Society of America: Madison, WI, USA, 2008; pp 367-463.

The Model for SnO₂ data

- Δr : symmetric expansion term: alpha * reff.
- ΔE : Energy shifts that depend on atom type:
 - The first shell; Eo1,
 - All other oxygen scattering events: Eo2
 - All tin scattering events: Esn
- σ^2 : Grouped depending on distance and atom types.
- S_0^2 : one for all paths.
- N : determined from the crystal structure.

Final Model for SnO₂

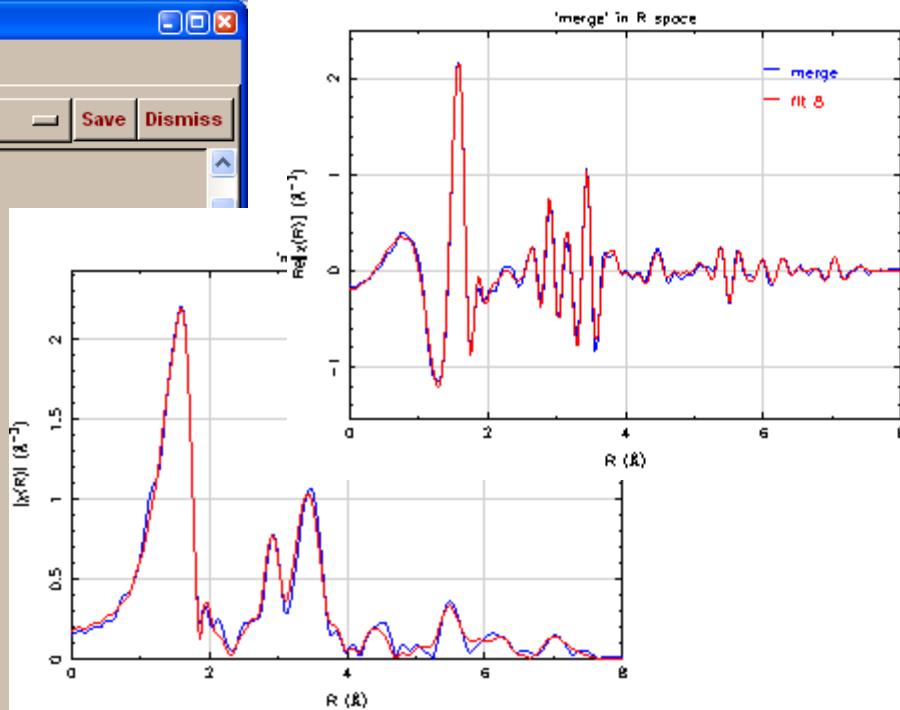
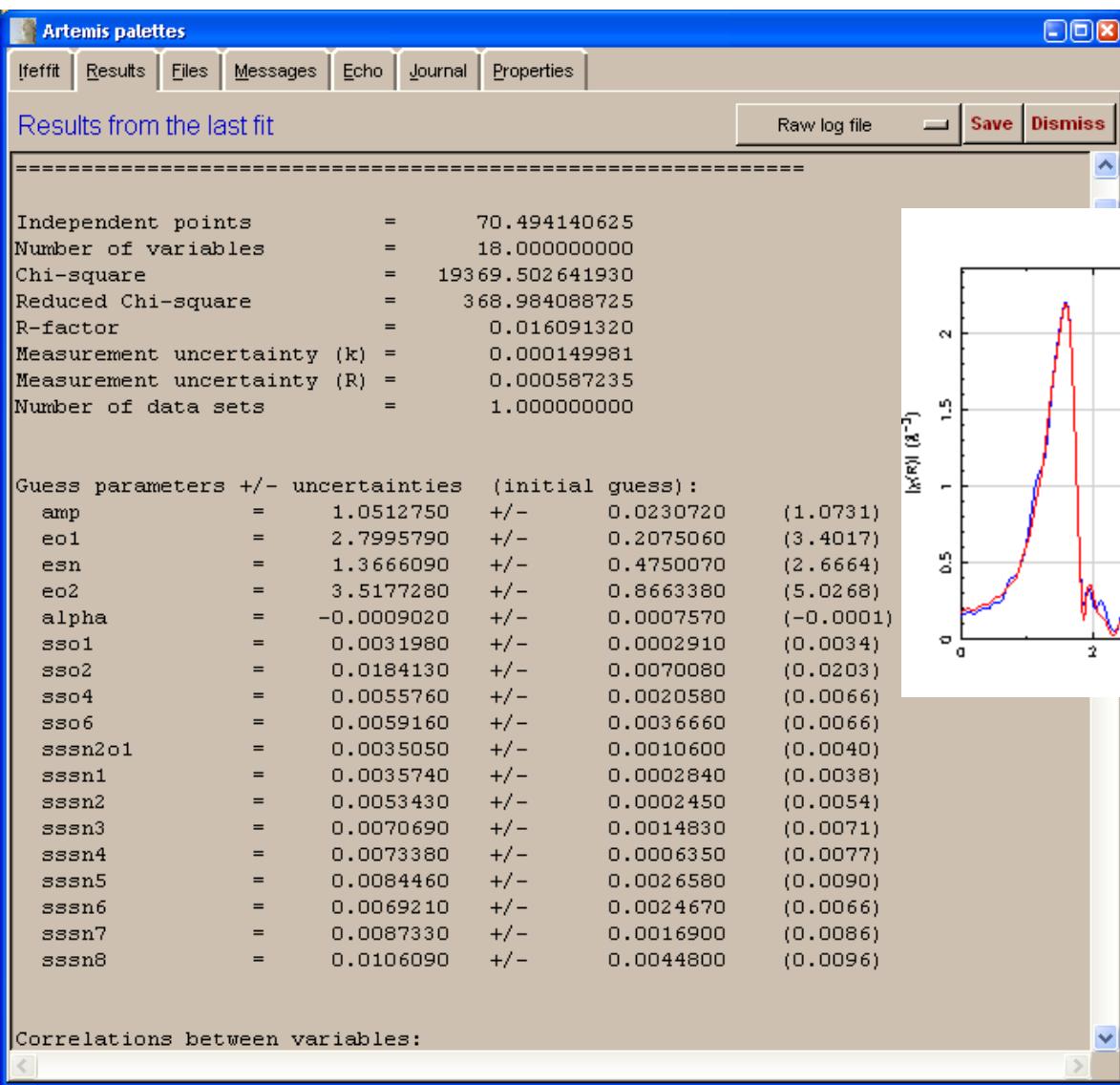
Includes all the atoms shown here



Path	N	reff	ΔR	σ ²	ΔE
Sn-O1	4	2.0519	Alpha·reff	σ ² o1	ΔEo1
Sn-O2	2	2.0567	Alpha·reff	σ ² o1	ΔEo1
Sn-Sn1	2	3.1864	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn1	ΔEsn
Sn-O3	4	3.5906	Alpha·reff	σ ² o3	ΔEo2
Sn-Sn2	8	3.7093	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn2	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn2-01	8	3.9090	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn2o1	0.5·ΔEsn+0.5·ΔEo1
Sn-Sn2-02	8	3.9090	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn2o1	0.5·ΔEsn+0.5·ΔEo1
Sn-O5	8	4.2414	Alpha·reff	σ ² o5	ΔEo2
Sn-Sn3	4	4.7373	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn3	ΔEsn
Sn-O7	8	4.8006	Alpha·reff	σ ² o7	ΔEo2
Sn-Sn4	8	5.7092	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn4	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn5	8	5.8365	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn4	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn5-01	8	5.8405	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn4	0.5·ΔEsn+0.5·ΔEo1
Sn-Sn5-04	8	5.8405	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn4	0.5·ΔEsn+0.5·ΔEo2
Sn-O1-Sn5-O1	4	5.8444	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn4	0.33·ΔEsn+0.66·ΔEo1
Sn-O4-Sn5-O4	4	5.8444	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn4	0.33·ΔEsn+0.66·ΔEo2
Sn-Sn6-Sn1	4	6.3728	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn6	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn1-Sn6-Sn1	2	6.3728	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn6	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn7	4	6.6995	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn7	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn7-O2	4	6.6995	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn7	0.5·ΔEsn+0.5·ΔEo1
Sn-Sn7-O6	4	6.6995	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn7	0.5·ΔEsn+0.5·ΔEo2
Sn-Sn7-O6-O2	4	6.6995	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn7	0.33·ΔEsn+0.33·ΔEo1+0.33·ΔEo2
Sn-O6-Sn7-O2	4	6.6995	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn7	0.33·ΔEsn+0.33·ΔEo1+0.33·ΔEo2
Sn-O2-Sn7-O6-O2	4	6.6995	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn7	0.25·ΔEsn+0.50·ΔEo1+0.25·ΔEo2
Sn-O6-Sn7-O6-O2	4	6.6995	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn7	0.25·ΔEsn+0.25·ΔEo1+0.50·ΔEo2
Sn-Sn8	8	7.4187	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn8	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn8-Sn2	16	7.4187	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn8	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn2-Sn-Sn2	8	7.4187	Alpha·reff	4·σ ² sn2	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn2-Sn8-Sn2	8	7.4187	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn8	ΔEsn
Sn-Sn9	16	7.6578	Alpha·reff	σ ² sn9	ΔEsn

- One S02-value was also determined in the fit.
- 30 paths used in final model.
- There are a total of 18 parameters in this model and 56 independent points in the data.

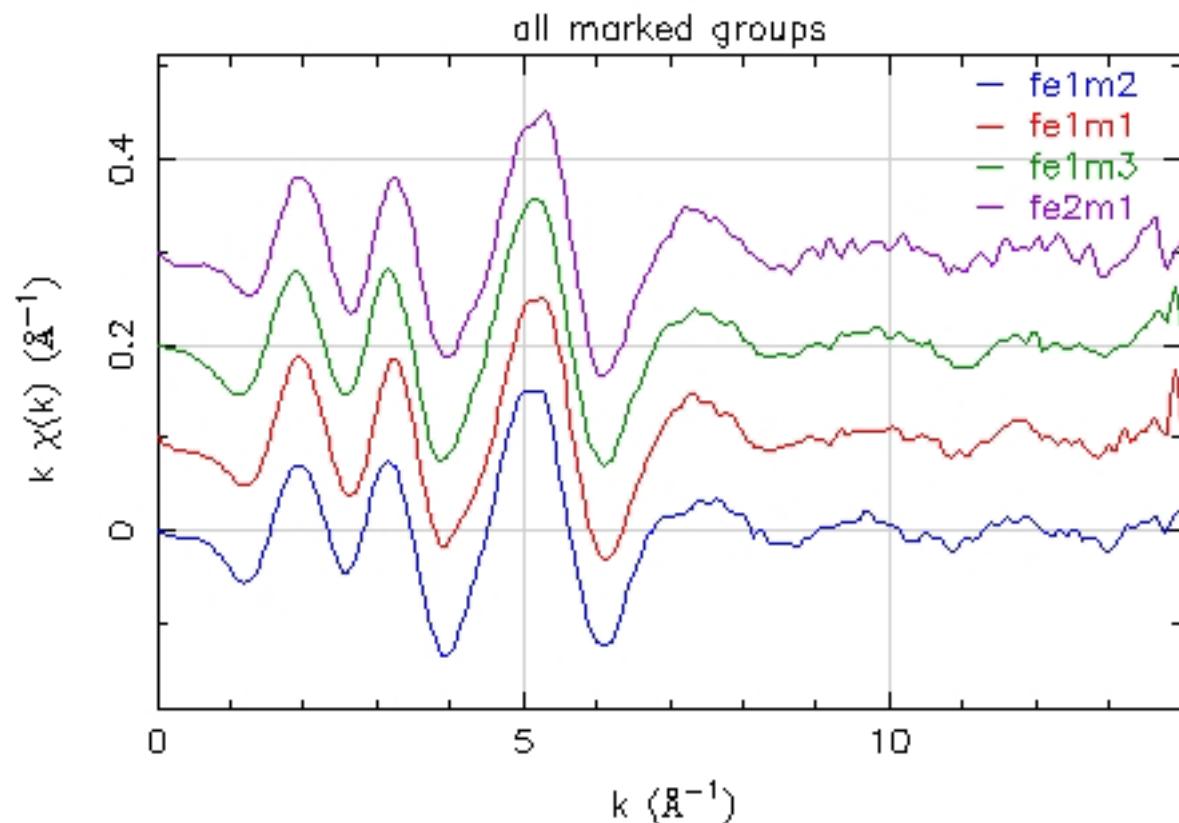
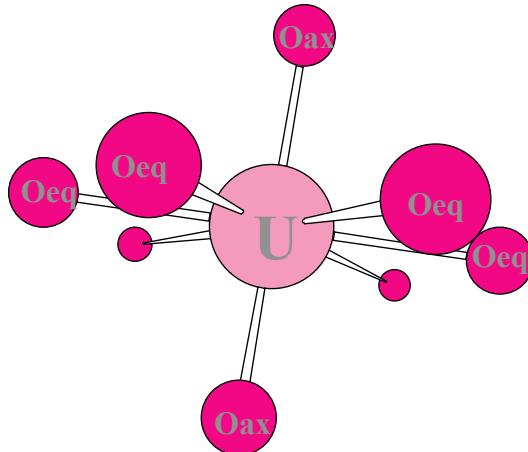
Final Model and Fit to SnO_2



- Typical values for EXAFS parameters
- Δr : less than 0.5 Å
- ΔE : less than 10 eV
- σ^2 : 0.003 to 0.020 Å²
- S02: 0.70 to 1.10

Example 4: Determining 2nd shell atom type and number

- Uranyl in equilibrium with a mixture of Fe-oxides and different microbial components.
- Possible second shell atoms, O, C, P, Fe, U.
- 30-50 combinations of these atoms were tested.
- Three of these tests are shown here:
 - C and Fe,
 - P and Fe,
 - Fe and Fe

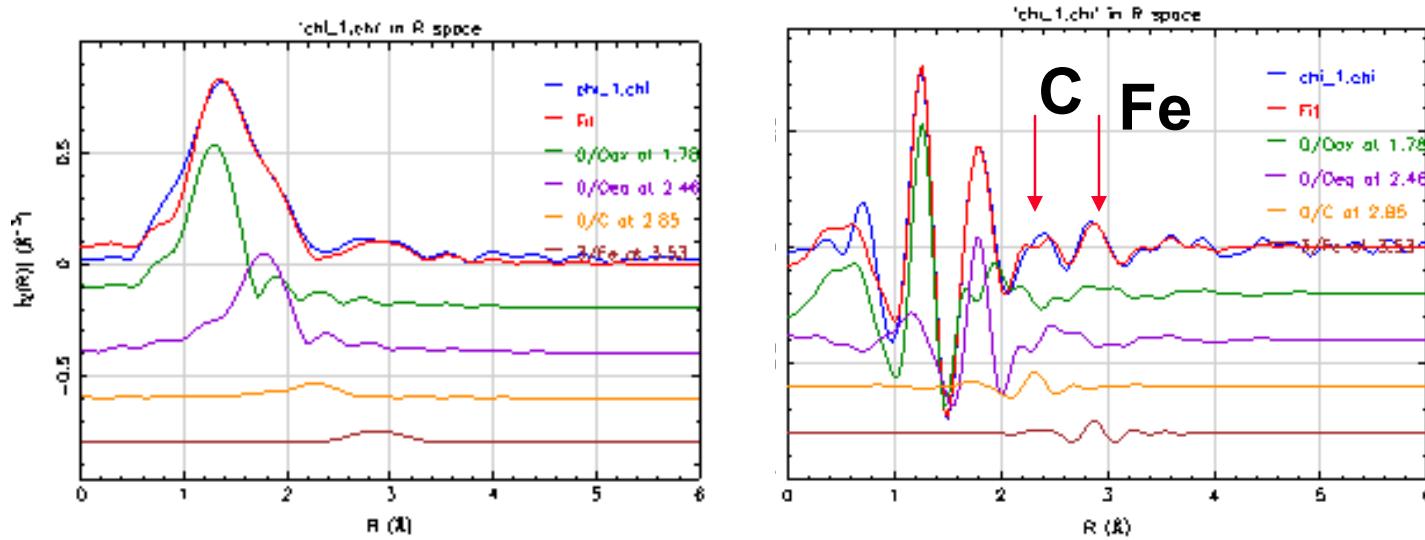


Setting up a Uranyl Model

The screenshot shows the Artemis software interface. On the left, a 'GDS' page displays a table of parameters with their values and error ranges. The table includes rows for variables like g: noeq, g: deloeq, g: ssoeq, g: nfe2, g: delfe2, d: ssfe2, g: nc, g: delc, g: ssc, np, delp, and ssp. The 'ssp' row is highlighted in yellow. At the bottom of this page, there is an 'Edit selected parameter' dialog for 'ssp' with options for Guess, Def, Set, Skip, Restrain, and After, along with buttons for Undo edit, New, Grab, Discard, and Hide. Below this is a status bar showing 'ssp = -0.000673 +/- 0.019959'. On the right, a 'Data & Paths' tree view shows a hierarchy of paths under 'chi_1.chi' and 'FEFF0', 'FEFF1', 'FEFF3', and 'FEFF4'. The 'FEFF0' node has several sub-nodes: 'Oax at 1.78', 'Oeq at 2.46', 'C at 2.85', 'U-Oax1-U-Oax1', 'U-Oax1-Oax2', and 'U-Oax1-U-Oax2'. The 'FEFF1' node has a single sub-node: 'P at 3.06'. The 'FEFF3' node has a single sub-node: 'Fe at 3.53'. The 'FEFF4' node has a single sub-node: 'Fe at 2.80'. To the right of the tree view is a 'Fit' panel with sections for 'Plot selected groups in' (k, R, q), 'Plotting options' (radio buttons for 0, 1, 2, 3, kw), and 'Main', 'Indic', and 'Traces' tabs. Below these are sections for 'Plot in R:' (Magnitude, Real part, Imaginary part) and 'Plot in q:' (Magnitude, Real part).

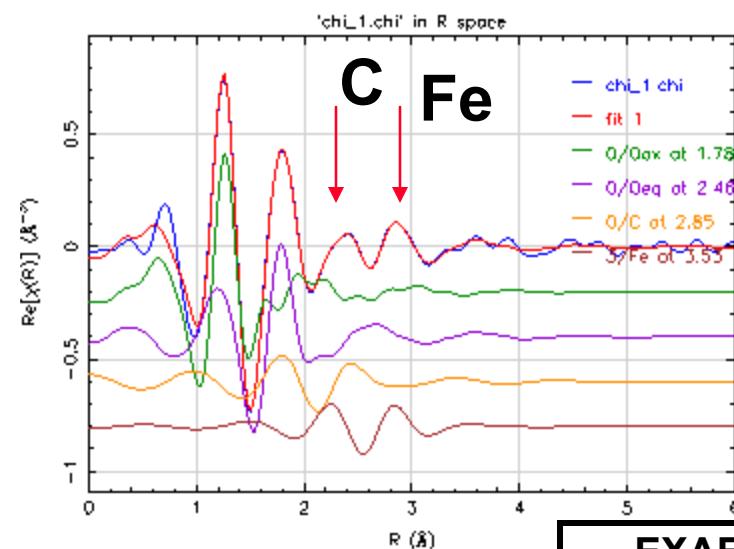
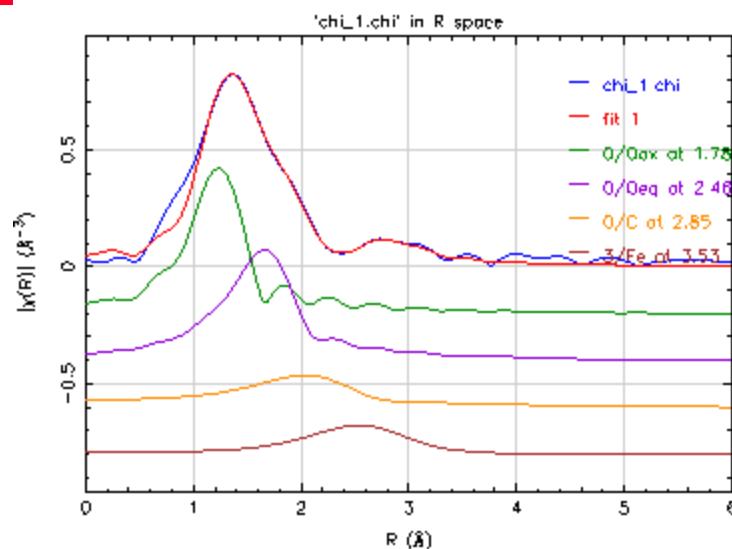
- Organization is key
- FEFF paths can be renamed
- Separators can be added to GDS page
- Variable names can have meaning
- Multiple FEFF calculations can be used in one model

Test data for C and Fe shells



- Place **C** and **Fe** shells in a “good” spot
 - set parameters – no fitting
 - monitor results and fit spectra
 - Needs to be done using real or imaginary part of FT, can not always be done using magnitude of FT.

Fit Results using C and Fe shells



Artemis palettes

Ieffit Results Files Messages Echo Journal Properties

Results from the last fit

R-factor for this data set = 0.00203

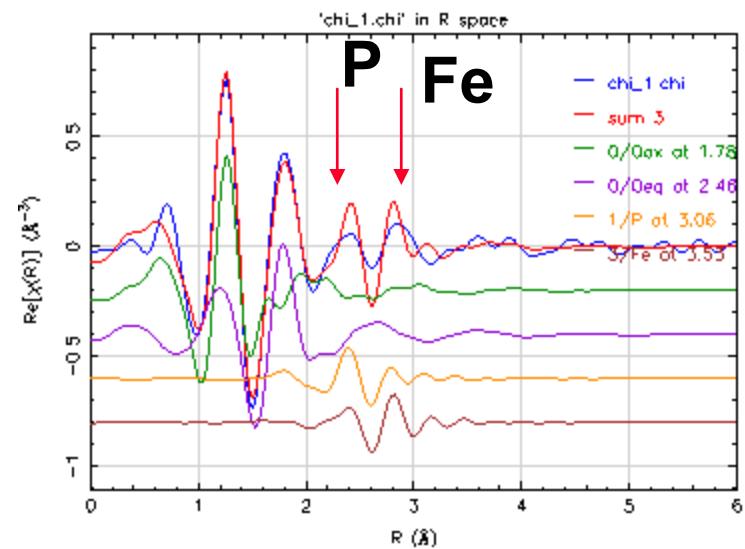
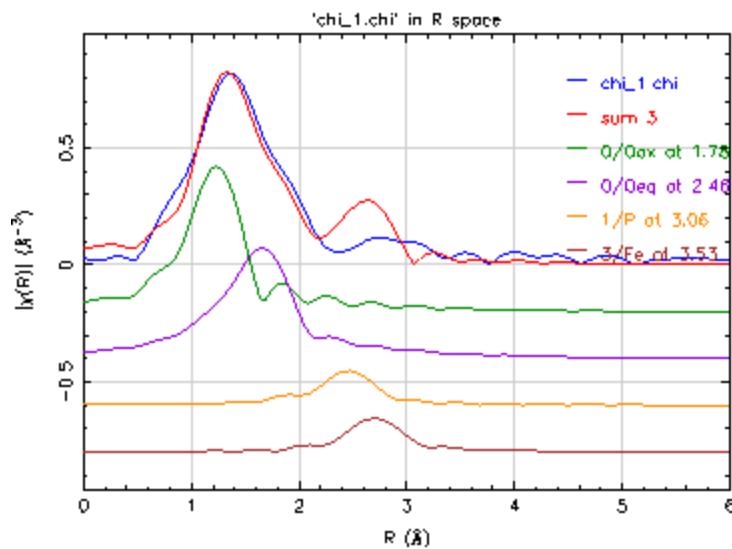
path	degen	amp	sigma^2	e0	reff	delta_R	R
"FEFFO: Oax at 1.78"	1.00000	2.000	0.00386	-8.79362	1.75510	-0.00517	1.74993
"FEFFO: Oeq at 2.46"	1.00000	5.719	0.01094	-8.79362	2.46160	-0.21986	2.24174
"FEFFO: C at 2.85"	1.00000	21.896	0.03066	-8.79362	2.85250	0.01219	2.86469
"FEFFO: U-Oax1-U-Oax1"	1.00000	2.000	0.01546	-8.79362	3.51020	-0.01035	3.49985
"FEFFO: U-Oax1-Oax2"	1.00000	2.000	0.00773	-8.79362	3.51580	-0.01035	3.50545
"FEFFO: U-Oax1-U-Oax2"	1.00000	2.000	0.00386	-8.79362	3.51580	-0.01035	3.50545
"FEFF3: Fe at 3.53"	1.00000	20.066	0.03957	-8.79362	3.52570	-0.26212	3.26358

EXAFS Parameters

σ^2-values	-
Distances	+
Coordination numbers	-
ΔE-value	-

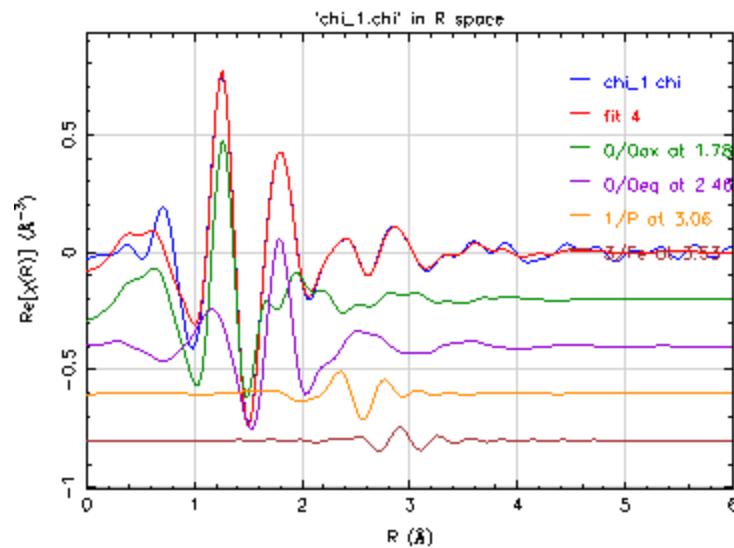
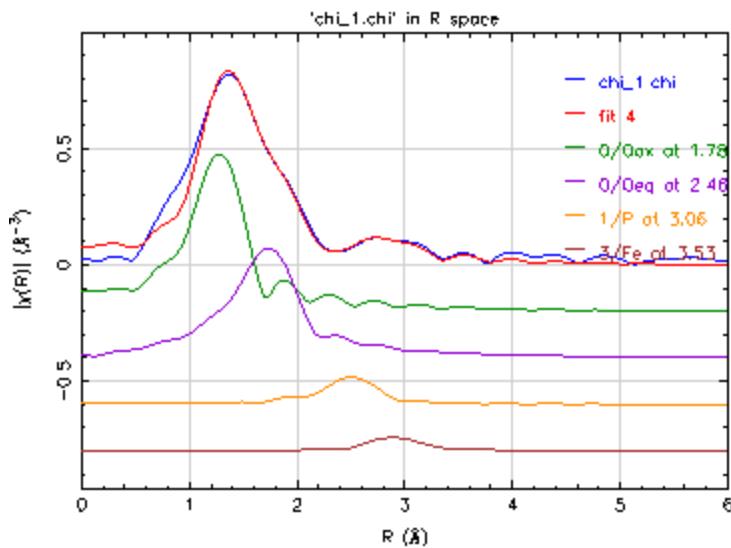
Signals became broad and unrealistic

Test data for P and Fe shells



- Place **P** and **Fe** shells in a “good” spot
 - set parameters – no fitting
 - monitor results and fit spectra

Fit Results using P and Fe shells



Artemis palettes

Ifedit Results Files Messages Echo Journal Properties

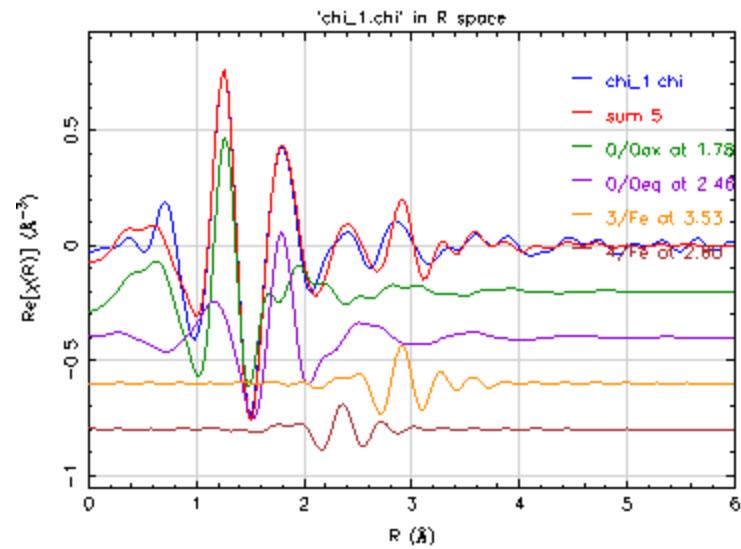
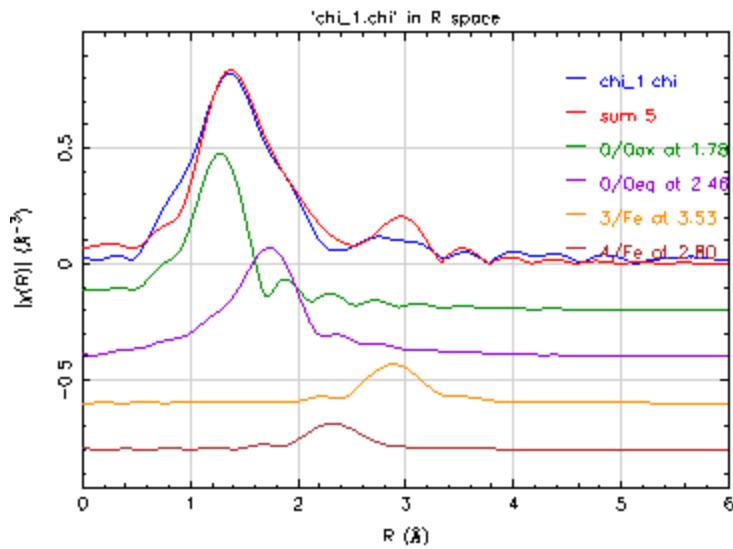
Results from the last fit

R-factor for this data set = 0.00264

path	degen	amp	σ^2	e0	reff	Δ_R	R
"FEFFO: Oax at 1.78"	1.00000	2.000	0.00351	-1.12310	1.75510	0.02066	1.77576
"FEFFO: Oeq at 2.46"	1.00000	4.615	0.00941	-1.12310	2.46160	-0.17609	2.28551
"FEFFO: U-Oax1-U-Oax1"	1.00000	2.000	0.01405	-1.12310	3.51020	0.04132	3.55152
"FEFFO: U-Oax1-Oax2"	1.00000	2.000	0.00702	-1.12310	3.51580	0.04132	3.55712
"FEFFO: U-Oax1-U-Oax2"	1.00000	2.000	0.00351	-1.12310	3.51580	0.04132	3.55712
"FEFF1: P at 3.06"	1.00000	0.835	0.00398	-1.12310	3.05550	0.00987	3.06537
"FEFF3: Fe at 3.53"	1.00000	0.276	0.00139	-1.12310	3.52570	-0.12876	3.39694

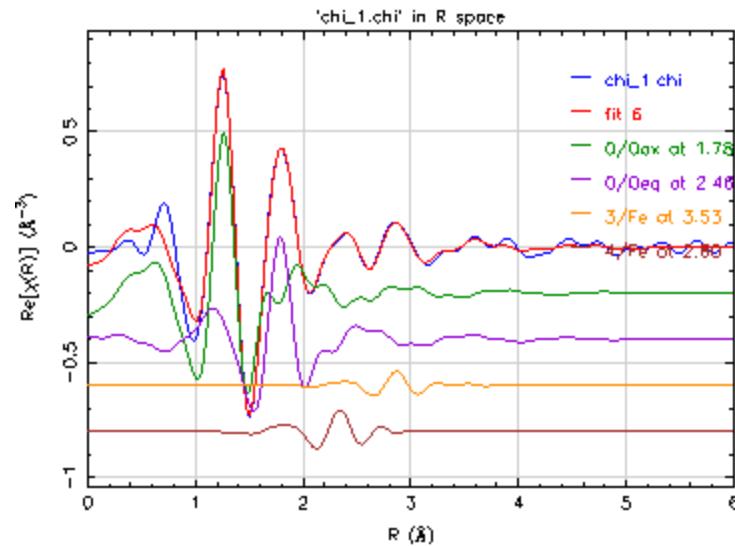
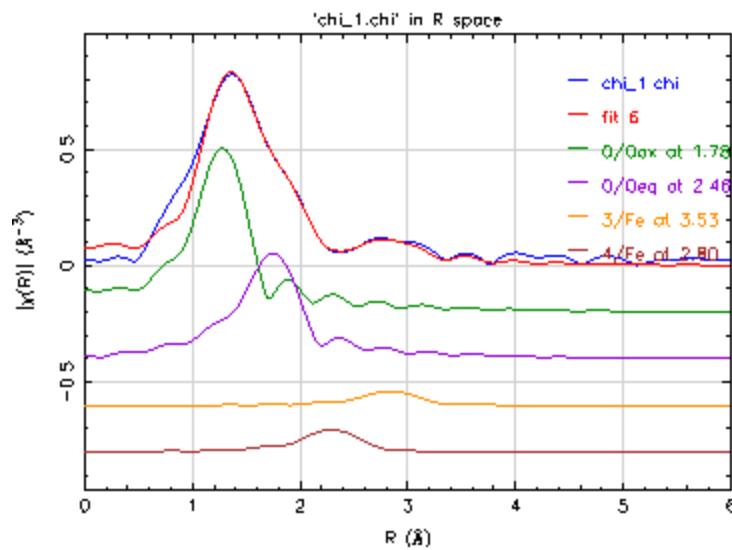
EXAFS Parameters	
σ^2 -values	-
Distances	+
Coordination numbers	+
ΔE -value	+

Test data for Fe and Fe shells



- Place Fe and Fe shells in a “good” spot
 - set parameters – no fitting
 - monitor results and fit spectra

Fit Results using Fe and Fe shells



Artemis palettes

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Results from the last fit

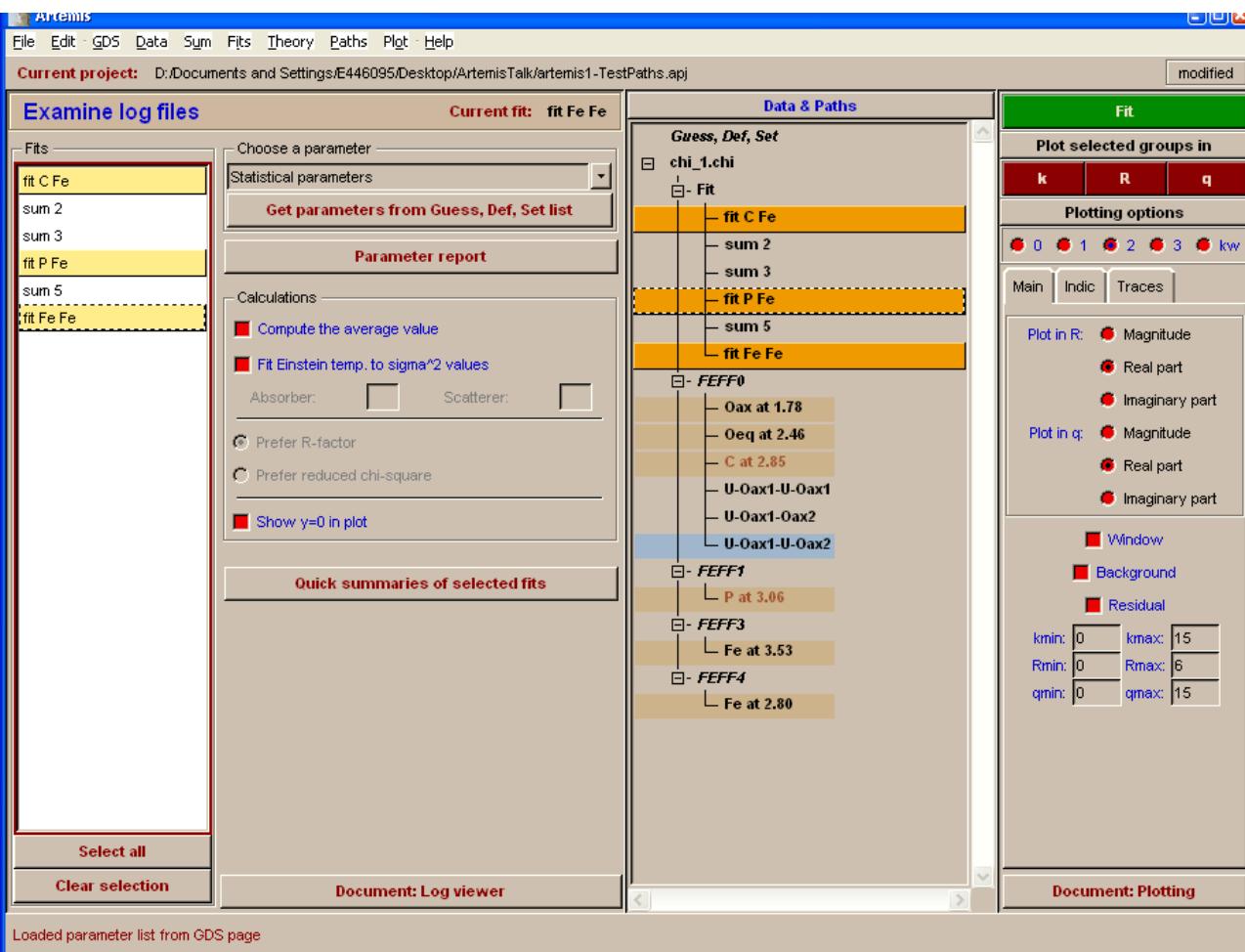
R-factor for this data set = 0.00254

path	degen	amp	sigma^2	e0	reff	delta_R	R
"FEFF0: Oax at 1.78"	1.00000	2.000	0.00320	-0.59470	1.75510	0.01998	1.77508
"FEFF0: Oeq at 2.46"	1.00000	3.235	0.00594	-0.59470	2.46160	-0.17897	2.28263
"FEFF0: U-Oax1-U-Oax1"	1.00000	2.000	0.01280	-0.59470	3.51020	0.03995	3.55015
"FEFF0: U-Oax1-Oax2"	1.00000	2.000	0.00640	-0.59470	3.51580	0.03995	3.55575
"FEFF0: U-Oax1-U-Oax2"	1.00000	2.000	0.00320	-0.59470	3.51580	0.03995	3.55575
"FEFF3: Fe at 3.53"	1.00000	0.670	0.00830	-0.59470	3.52570	-0.16117	3.36453
"FEFF4: Fe at 2.80"	1.00000	0.669	0.00830	-0.59470	2.80090	0.03782	2.83872

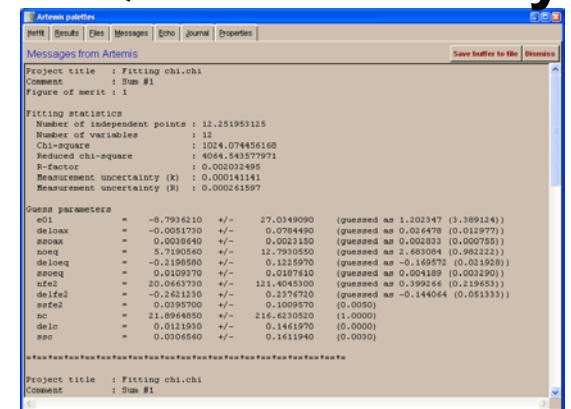
EXAFS Parameters

σ^2 -values	+
Distances	+
Coordination numbers	+
ΔE -value	+

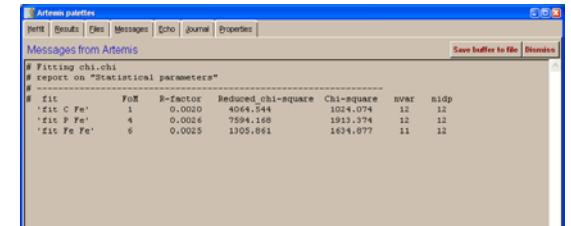
Comparison of Models



Quick summary



Parameter Report

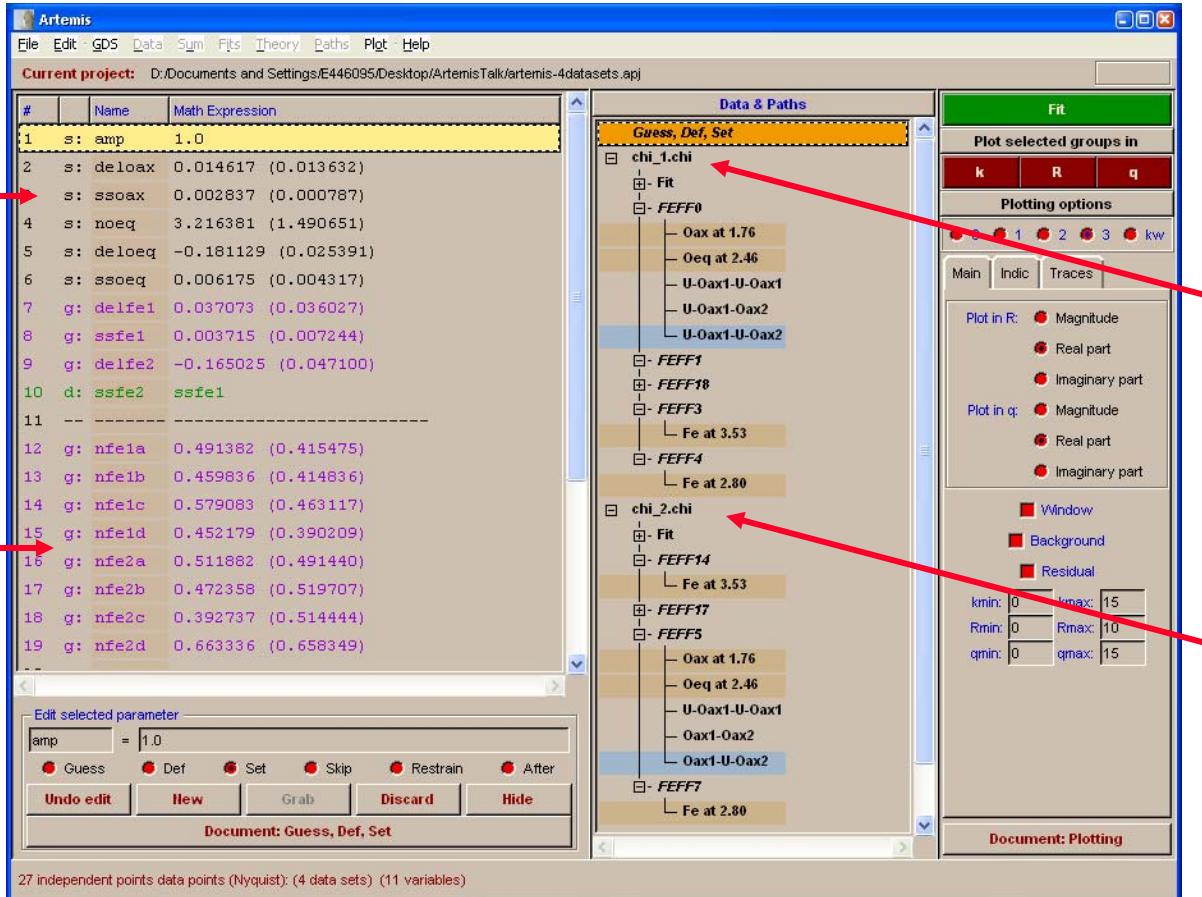


- Models are saved in Artemis and can be compared or re-instated later

Multiple data set fit

Common variables for all 4 data sets

variables for each data set



- Fit 4 data sets
- Use K-weights of 1, 2 and 3
- Fit different N values for each data set
- Data series is needed to accurately determine the number of Fe atoms in the 2nd and 3rd shells

Modeling a Data Series

Artemis palettes

[feffit Results Files Messages Echo Journal Properties]

Results from the last fit

```
Environment      : Artemis 0.8.013 using Windows XP, perl 5.008008, Tk 80
Fit label       : fit Fe Fe
Data sets       : "chi_1.chi", "chi_2.chi", "chi_3.chi", "chi_4.chi"
Figure of merit  : 7
=====
Fitting statistics
Number of independent points : 26.578125000
Number of variables          : 11
Chi-square                  : 9490.351885016
Reduced chi-square           : 609.210151094
R-factor                     : 0.057174889
Measurement uncertainty (k)  : 0.000196055
Measurement uncertainty (R)  : 0.000220316

Guess parameters
delfe1        =      0.0422810  +/-   0.0123250 (guessed as 0.0
ssfe1         =      0.0050600  +/-   0.0047000 (guessed as 0.0
delfe2        =     -0.1704970  +/-   0.0137850 (guessed as -0.
nfela         =      0.5063030  +/-   0.2914520 (guessed as 0.4
nfe1b         =      0.5505380  +/-   0.3310320 (guessed as 0.4
nfe1c         =      0.6513330  +/-   0.3598810 (guessed as 0.5
nfe1d         =      0.4671820  +/-   0.2862200 (guessed as 0.4
nfe2a         =      0.5683350  +/-   0.3168750 (guessed as 0.5
nfe2b         =      0.5138540  +/-   0.3234190 (guessed as 0.4
nfe2c         =      0.4784870  +/-   0.3155270 (guessed as 0.3
nfe2d         =      0.7617610  +/-   0.4179530 (guessed as 0.6

Def parameters (using "FEFFO: Oax at 1.76")
```

